

AVIVA INVESTORS UK PROPERTY FEEDER TRUST

Annual Report and Financial Statements

For the year ended 30 September 2021

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* These items comprise the Manager's Report for the purposes of the rules contained in the Collective Investment Schemes Sourcebook ("the Regulations").

TRUST INFORMATION

MANAGER

Aviva Investors UK Fund Services Limited
St Helen's
1 Undershaft
London, EC3P 3DQ

Aviva Investors UK Fund Services Limited (the Manager) is a wholly owned subsidiary of Aviva Investors Holdings Limited, a company incorporated in the United Kingdom and within the Aviva Group of Companies. The Manager is a member of the Investment Association and is authorised and regulated by the Financial Conduct Authority.

The Manager is authorised as an Alternative Investment Fund Manager (AIFM) under the Alternative Investment Fund Managers Directive (AIFMD).

DIRECTORS

I Buckle
S Ebenston (resigned 31 March 2021)
M Craston
M White
A Coates
K McClellan
M Versey (resigned 30 April 2021)
D Macmillan (appointed 17 November 2020)
B Fowler (appointed 6 September 2021)
S Winstanley (appointed 20 October 2021)

REGISTRAR AND ADMINISTRATOR

SS&C Financial Services Europe Ltd
SS&C House
St Nicholas Lane
Basildon
Essex, SS15 5FS

FUND ACCOUNTING AND PRICING AGENT

J.P. Morgan Chase Bank, National Association (London Branch)
25 Bank Street
Canary Wharf
London, E14 5JP

TRUSTEE AND DEPOSITARY

J.P. Morgan Europe Limited
25 Bank Street
Canary Wharf
London, E14 5JP

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS

PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP
141 Bothwell Street
Glasgow
G2 7EQ

PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP have been reappointed as auditors of the Trust.

MANAGER'S REPORT

THE TRUST

Aviva Investors UK Property Feeder Trust (the Trust) is a Unit Trust incorporated in England and Wales since 18 August 2017. The property of the Trust is entrusted to Citibank Europe plc, UK Branch (the Trustee and Depositary). The shareholders are not liable for any debts of the Trust.

The object of the Trust is to invest solely in the Aviva Investors UK Property Fund with the exception of cash balances which may also be held for the purposes of maintaining sufficient liquidity to enable the Trust to meet its commitments, such as expenses and redemptions.

The Trust has an umbrella structure which means that it may contain more than one fund, each with a different investment objective. There are currently two funds in the Aviva Investors UK Property Feeder Trust; the Aviva Investors UK Property Feeder Accumulation Fund and the Aviva Investors UK Property Feeder Income Fund (the "Feeder Funds"). In the financial statements you will find an investment review for each fund which includes details of the investment objectives.

Winding up costs for both the Aviva Investors UK Property Feeder Accumulation Fund and the Aviva Investors UK Property Income Fund will be borne by the Manager. Subsidiary undertakings and investment assets have been reclassified from Fixed Assets to Current Assets.

AUTHORISED STATUS

The Trust is a Non-UCITS Retail Scheme under the rules of the COLL Sourcebook and is an alternative investment fund or AIF for the purposes of the FUND Sourcebook. Units in the Trust are not listed on any investment exchange. The Trust is authorised by the FCA as an "umbrella" scheme, in that the Trust issues units linked to different sub-funds which have been established. Each sub-fund is invested in accordance with the investment objective and investment policy applicable to that sub-fund and as if it were a separate Non-UCITS Retail Scheme for the purposes of the COLL Sourcebook. For investment purposes the assets of each sub-fund will be treated as separate from those of every other sub-fund.

THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

We are pleased to present the annual report and financial statements of the Trust for the year ended 30 September 2021. As required by the Regulations, information for each of the funds has been included in these financial statements. On the following pages we review the performance of each of those funds during the year. We hope that you find our review useful and informative.

ANNUAL GENERAL MEETINGS

The Trust will not be holding any Annual General Meetings.

CLOSURE OF THE AVIVA INVESTORS UK PROPERTY FUND, THE AVIVA INVESTORS UK PROPERTY FEEDER INCOME FUND AND THE AVIVA INVESTORS UK PROPERTY FEEDER ACCUMULATION FUND (THE "FUNDS")

Aviva Investors UK Fund Services Limited took the decision to suspend all dealing in the Aviva Investors UK Property Fund, the Aviva Investors UK Property Feeder Income Fund and the Aviva Investors UK Property Feeder Accumulation Fund with effect from 12 noon on 18 March 2020. This was due to the Standing Independent Valuer advising us of "material valuation uncertainty" for all direct property assets within the portfolio and the associated risk that investors could have bought and sold shares/units at a price which did not fairly reflect the value of those shares/units had dealing been allowed to continue.

On 31 January 2021 the Value Assessment for these Funds determined that a strategic review should be undertaken to ensure investors' long-term interests could continue to be served. This review, combined with forecast redemption levels upon re-opening, concluded that the Funds' ability to fully benefit from the economies of scale and the diversification of investments that collective investment schemes normally bring would soon be limited.

As such Aviva Investors UK Fund Services Limited concluded that it would now be in investors' interests to wind-up the Funds and return cash to investors in a fair and orderly manner.

On 19 July 2021 the FCA accepted Aviva Investors application to terminate the Fund. The Fund will continue to be suspended until final termination.

For further information, please visit our dedicated website at <https://www.avivainvestors.com/en-gb/paif/>

SIGNIFICANT INFORMATION

Changes to the Prospectus

On 1 April 2021, the Prospectus of the AI Property Funds ICVC was updated to reflect changes required as a result of the UK leaving the EU.

On 4 May 2021, the Prospectus of the AI Property Funds ICVC was updated in order to remove fees on the cash which the Aviva Investors UK Property Fund holds.

Changes to the Instrument of Incorporation

On 21 July 2021, the instrument of incorporation of the AI Property Funds ICVC was updated to reflect changes required as a result of the UK leaving the EU.

MANAGER'S REPORT (CONTINUED)

SIGNIFICANT INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

RESPONSIBLE INVESTMENT POLICY

With effect from 30 April 2020, Aviva Investors UK Fund Services Limited ("ACD") updated the Responsible Investment Policy ("Policy") to prohibit funds from investing in companies which derive prescribed levels of revenue from Controversial Weapons and Civilian Firearms ("Excluded Companies").

Further details on the Policy

We have defined Controversial Weapons as weapons that have been subject to widespread ban or restriction by International Treaties and Conventions, on the basis they have one or more of the following characteristics:

- The weapon is indiscriminate, i.e. there is an increased risk of civilian casualties.
- The weapon can be classified as a weapon of mass destruction with a single incident resulting in a large number of deaths.
- The weapon is considered to be excessively injurious, i.e. it causes an inordinate amount of pain and suffering.
- The weapon may have long term health impacts on the populations in areas where they are used.

We have defined Civilian Firearms as firearms and small arms ammunitions designed for civilian use, excluding products exclusively sold for the military, government, and law enforcement markets.

Aviva Investors UK Fund Services Limited has prohibited direct investment by the Funds into any Excluded Companies. The Funds are also prohibited from having indirect exposure to Excluded Companies except where:

- The Fund has indirect exposure to a financial index and Excluded Companies are constituents of the financial index and,
- The Fund invests in other funds managed by third parties. While, consideration of environmental, social, and governance factors are an integral part of the Fund selection process, the underlying funds may not operate exclusions equivalent to the Policy.

The Policy has been updated to reflect these prohibitions and was available from 30 April 2020 on the Aviva Investors website.

Impact on our funds

The Policy applies to all our funds, however, the Aviva Investors UK Property Feeder Inc Fund and the Aviva Investors UK Property Feeder Acc Fund purely invest into the Aviva Investors UK Property Fund (which is within the scope of the Policy) and cash, and therefore will not have any exposure to Excluded Companies.

From 30 April 2020 all fund Prospectuses have been updated to reflect the amended Policy.

FATCA AND CRS REPORTING

Tax regulations require us to collect information about your tax residency and you will have therefore provided this at the time of making your investment with us. The term tax regulations refers to the International Tax Compliance Regulations 2015 which implements the Foreign Account Tax Compliance Act (FATCA) and the OECD Common Reporting Standard (CRS) for Automatic Exchange of Financial Account Information. As a result, in certain circumstances we will be obliged to share information about your account(s) with Her Majesty's Revenue & Customs (HMRC) who may in turn share this information with any or all jurisdictions that have agreed to exchange information under FATCA and CRS. The information previously provided by you at the time of making your investment will be used by us to report to HMRC regarding your account(s), where so required. This does not apply where you have invested with us solely via an ISA.

STATEMENT OF CROSS HOLDINGS

There are no cross holdings as at 30 September 2021.

POLICIES AND RISKS

ACCOUNTING POLICIES

a Basis of accounting

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost basis, as modified by the revaluation of investments, and in accordance with the Statement of Recommended Practice for UK Authorised Funds issued by The Investment Management Association in May 2014 (SORP 2014), and in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice as defined within FRS 102, the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland.

The Manager intends to terminate the Funds at the earliest opportunity and therefore the financial statements have been prepared on a basis other than going concern. In applying this basis of preparation, the assets and liabilities continue to be stated at their fair values which materially equate to their realisable values.

Wind up costs for both the Aviva Investors UK Property Feeder Accumulation Fund and the Aviva Investors UK Property Feeder Income Fund will be borne by the Manager. Investment assets have been reclassified from Fixed Assets to Current Assets.

b Unit classes

Aviva Investors UK Property Feeder Accumulation Fund has three unit classes (classes 1, 2 and 6) and they are all accumulation units. Unit classes 1 and 6 are retail units and unit class 2 is institutional units.

Aviva Investors UK Property Feeder Income Fund has five unit classes (classes 1, 2, 5, 6 and 7) and they are all income units. Unit classes 1 and 6 are retail units and unit classes 2, 5 and 7 are institutional units.

c Recognition of revenue

Distributions receivable from the underlying investment in the Aviva Investors UK Property Fund (the Master Fund) are recognised on an accruals basis. The distributions receivable are accrued and recognised in three streams (dividend, interest and property) in line with the nature and breakdown of the underlying revenue earned by the Master Fund. Revenue received from the Master Fund depends on the income stream; Property Income Distributions (PID) are received net of tax at 20%, whilst interest distributions and dividend distributions are received gross.

Deposit interest and any other revenue are also accounted for on an accruals basis.

d Basis of valuation of investments

The Aviva Investors UK Property Feeder Accumulation Fund invests all or substantially all of its scheme property in the Class D accumulation share class of the Master Fund. The Aviva Investors UK Property Feeder Income Fund invests all or substantially all of its scheme property in the Class D income share class of the Master Fund. Holdings in the Master Fund are valued at fair value, which is deemed to be the net asset value per share as reported in the comparative table in the Master Fund's Annual Report & Financial Statements at the end of the current accounting year. The valuation is also in accordance with FRS102.

The investment value is a product of rent and yield derived using comparison techniques. In undertaking the valuation of properties under this method, an assessment has been made on the basis of a collation and analysis of appropriate comparable investment, rental and sale transaction, together with evidence of demand within the vicinity of subject property.

e Property purchases and sales

Property purchases and sales are recognised on completion of the purchase or sale. Any adjustments to sales are recognised on or following completion of the sale.

f Exchange rates

Assets and liabilities held in foreign currencies are translated at the rate ruling at midday on the last business day of the accounting year. Revenue and expenditure items are translated at the rate ruling at the date of the transaction.

g Expenses

All expenses, except those relating to the purchase and sale of investments and transaction charges, are charged to revenue of the respective Funds, on an accruals basis.

h Taxation and deferred taxation

Provision for Corporation Tax is based at the current rate, as appropriate, on the excess of taxable revenue over allowable expenses and takes into account taxation deferred because of timing differences between the treatment of certain items for taxation and accounting purposes. Deferred taxation is provided using the liability method on all timing differences, and is calculated at the rate at which it is anticipated the timing differences will reverse. Deferred tax assets are recognised only when, on the basis of available evidence, it is more likely than not that there will be taxable profits in the future against which the deferred tax asset can be offset.

i Unclaimed distributions

Any distribution remaining unclaimed after a period of six years is paid back to the relevant Fund and forms part of the capital property of the Fund.

j Cash flow statement

A cash flow statement has been included as the Funds hold investments in Aviva Property UK Fund PAIF.

POLICIES AND RISKS (CONTINUED)

DISTRIBUTION POLICIES

a Distribution policy

If at the end of the accounting year, revenue exceeds expenses and tax, the net revenue of the Funds is available to be distributed to unitholders. Should expenses and taxation exceed revenue, there will be no distribution and the shortfall will be met from capital.

Income is distributed, at unit class level, to the unitholders in accordance with the Funds' Prospectus.

Revenue attributable to accumulation unitholders is retained at the end of the distribution period and represents a reinvestment of revenue.

b Equalisation

Equalisation applies only to units purchased during the distribution period (group 2 units). It is the average amount of revenue included in the purchase price of all group 2 units and is refunded to holders of these units as a return of capital. Being a capital repayment, it is not liable to income tax but must be deducted from the cost of the units for capital gains tax purposes.

RISK MANAGEMENT POLICIES

The Trust's financial instruments comprise investments in the Master Fund, bank balances and debtors and creditors that arise directly from its operations, for example, in respect of sales and purchases awaiting settlement, amounts receivable for issues and payable for cancellations, and debtors for accrued revenue.

The Trust has exposure to a number of different risks to varying degrees. The main risks the Trust faces from its financial instruments are directly related to the risks attached to the underlying investments held by the Master Fund and the Investment Manager's policies for managing these risks are summarised below:

a Foreign currency risk

The Funds can be exposed to foreign currency risk as a result of investing in assets denominated in currencies other than Sterling. Where the Manager deems it necessary, this exposure to foreign currency fluctuations is mitigated by the use of forward foreign currency contracts. Numerical disclosures can be found in the notes to the financial statements for each Fund.

b Interest rate risk

The value of debt securities may be affected by interest rate movements or the expectation of such movements in the future. Interest receivable on bank deposits or payable on bank overdraft positions will be affected by fluctuations in interest rates. The Manager manages this risk by maintaining a balanced portfolio with due consideration to interest rate risk and redemption profiles. Interest rate risk is also managed by ensuring that deposits mature within a relatively short period. Numerical disclosures can be found in the notes to the financial statements for each Fund.

c Market risk

There is a risk that a property might be sold for a different value to the Independent Valuer's valuation, due to market conditions, economic risks and environmental risks being different to the valuer's assumptions. There is also a risk that the price at which an asset is valued may not be realisable in the event of sale. This could be due to a mis-estimation of the asset's value, other investment opportunities or due to lack of liquidity in the relevant market. The Manager ensures that the valuer is independent, holds a recognised and relevant professional qualification and has recent experience in the location and category of the investment property being valued.

Further information on the investment portfolios is set out in the investment reports and portfolio statements, of the individual Funds.

d Liquidity risk

This is the risk that there is insufficient liquidity which restricts a Fund's investment opportunities or ability to pay liabilities at short notice. This risk is managed with the use of cash and cash equivalents and by ensuring that overdrafts are monitored and maintained within investment limits and exposure to unquoted or illiquid securities is limited. In line with standard industry practice for valuing property funds, the Funds can switch between a bid price basis and an offer price basis.

Property investments are relatively illiquid compared to bonds and equities. Where Funds are invested in property, investors may not be able to switch or cash in their investment when they want because property in the Fund may not always be readily saleable.

e Concentration risk

Concentration risk is the risk of a portfolio being too concentrated in particular positions or too exposed to certain factors. Highly concentrated positions can exacerbate market and liquidity risk. The Company's assets are invested mainly in direct properties. As such each Fund is exposed to concentration risk through its investment strategy. To manage this risk, each Fund's direct portfolio is diversified geographically and/or by sector (such as commercial versus non-commercial).

f Leverage risk

In accordance with the Alternative Investment Funds Management Directive (AIFMD) the Alternative Investment Fund Manager (AIFM) is required to disclose the leverage of the Alternative Investment Fund (AIF). Leverage is defined as any method by which the Fund increases its exposure through borrowing or the use of derivatives. The Funds were not leveraged during the year.

g Property default risk

Tenants in the Company's properties may become unable to pay rent. As a result, the Fund's income may be impacted and further costs incurred.

Adherence to regulatory and fund investment guidance and to investments and borrowing powers mitigates the risk of exposure to any type of security or issuer.

h Counterparty Risk

There is a risk that the Counterparty will not be able to settle its obligations under the agreement. This is mitigated by an assessment of the credit worthiness of the Counterparty, and the use of multiple counterparties to ensure that no more than 20% of the Fund value is exposed to one counterparty.

Further information on the investment portfolio is set out in the investment reports and portfolio statements.

AVIVA INVESTORS UK PROPERTY FEEDER ACCUMULATION FUND

INVESTMENT OBJECTIVE

The Fund aims to provide a combination of income and growth over the long term (5 years or more), through exposure to UK property.

On 19 July 2021 the FCA accepted Aviva Investors application to terminate the Fund. The remaining properties held within the Fund was/will be sold and proceeds from the resulting sales will be distributed to Investors in due course. The below Investment Objective and Investment Approach sections set out the Fund objectives and approach prior to the Fund's closure on 19 July 2021.

INVESTMENT APPROACH

Core investment

The Fund will be invested solely in the Aviva Investors UK Property Fund (the "Master Fund") other than cash and deposits, which will only be held to ensure that the Fund can meet its payment obligations.

Master Fund Strategy and environmental, social and governance ("ESG") factors

The Fund aims to achieve similar investment returns to the Master Fund. However, returns may be different as a result of the cash and deposits held by the Fund.

The Master Fund is structured as a Property Authorised Investment Fund and will invest at least 70% of its assets in UK property in normal market conditions. The Master Fund's strategy, including its consideration of ESG factors, is set out below:

The Master Fund is actively managed and the Investment Manager aims to use detailed analysis, expertise and relationships to drive income and growth for investors, rather than relying on property market movements alone. This will include making decisions such as actively managing property transactions, redeveloping properties and the negotiation of leases.

ESG factors are integrated into the due diligence performed before purchasing assets for the Master Fund, and throughout the life of the investment, with the intention of reducing risk, protecting value, and delivering enhanced income and growth. This includes engagement with the occupiers of properties to reduce energy consumption and waste, and to increase community engagement. Identification of ESG risks does not preclude investment in or the continued holding of an asset, as our ability to mitigate risks through active management of assets is also taken into account, and the Investment Manager retains discretion over the investments that are selected for the Master Fund. Aviva Investors' investment policy includes limited ESG restrictions, and further information on how we integrate Responsible Investment and these restrictions into our investment approach, and how we engage with companies is available on our website and in the Prospectus.

Investors may wish to refer to the Key Investor Information Document and Prospectus for the Master Fund for full details of its investment objective and the investments it can make.

Performance & Risk Measurement

The Fund's performance is compared against the Investment Association UK Direct Property Sector (the "Sector"). The Sector is an industry benchmark made up of funds which meet the Sector criteria, which includes investing at least 70% of their assets directly in UK property on average over 5 year rolling periods. The Sector also includes funds whose policy is to dedicate investment into one of the funds which meet the Sector criteria, which is the case for the Fund.

The Sector has been selected as a benchmark for performance measurement because the Fund will be managed in line with the criteria of the Sector, and it is an independent measure of the performance of investment funds which are comparable to those of the Fund. It is therefore an appropriate comparator for the Fund's performance.

RISK PROFILE

The Trust invests in the Aviva Investors UK Property Fund (the Master Fund), which invests a significant proportion of its assets in physical property that at times may not always be readily saleable. Investors should be aware that during such times that the Trust's property of the Master Fund is not readily saleable, the ACD of the Master Fund may defer redemptions or suspend dealing in shares of the Master Fund, meaning that the Manager will necessarily defer redemptions of units, or suspend dealing in units in the Trust. As a result of this, the Trust may be suitable only for those investors who have capital which may be committed on a long-term basis.

Investments in property are relatively illiquid and more difficult to realise than equities or bonds.

There is no assurance that the estimates resulting from the valuation process will reflect the actual sales price even where a sale occurs shortly after the valuation date.

The value of investments and the income from them will change over time.

FUND MANAGER'S REPORT

TOTAL PERFORMANCE

Over the twelve months to 30 September 2021, the Fund* delivered a total return of -6.34% (Share Class 1 Accumulation net of fees) compared to the Investment Association UK Direct Property Sector average of 2.92%.

AVIVA INVESTORS UK PROPERTY FUND PROFILE AND PORTFOLIO REVIEW

As the Feeder Fund invests solely in units of the Aviva Investors UK Property Fund, the following information relates to the underlying portfolio of that Fund.

REVIEW

As investors will be aware, dealing in the Funds was suspended in March 2020 due to material uncertainty over the valuation of property within the portfolio, brought about by the COVID-19 pandemic. During this period of economic uncertainty, it became increasingly challenging to generate positive returns whilst also providing the necessary liquidity to re-open the Funds.

AVIVA INVESTORS UK PROPERTY FEEDER ACCUMULATION FUND (CONTINUED)

FUND MANAGER'S REPORT (CONTINUED)

REVIEW (CONTINUED)

On 31 January 2021 the Value Assessment for these Funds determined that a strategic review should be undertaken to ensure investors' long-term interests could continue to be served. This review, combined with forecast redemption levels upon re-opening, concluded that the Funds' ability to fully benefit from the economies of scale and the diversification of investments that collective investment schemes normally bring would soon be limited. Size is particularly important for funds that invest in property directly because the costs involved in acquiring, managing and disposing of properties are usually much higher than the costs associated with other asset types.

As such it was concluded that it would be in investors' best interests to wind-up the Funds and return cash to investors in a fair and orderly manner.

The Funds have continued to be suspended during this period and with effect from 19 July 2021 was placed into termination. Since investors were informed that we will be closing the Aviva Investors UK Property Fund the focus of the manager has been on preparing for and executing the orderly sale of the Fund's portfolio.

In order to both improve investment performance for the benefit of investors whilst they remain invested in the Fund, and also to position each asset to achieve the best outcome when they are ultimately brought to market, we continue to deliver active management of the underlying property.

Following the sale of our Ealing Cross asset during Q2 2021, two further asset sales were carried out during Q3 2021. Lombardy Retail Park, Hayes was sold on 29 July at a price of £42.5m – a premium to the end of June valuation of £41m. Importantly, the Fund also secured outstanding rental arrears from the purchaser as well, which would otherwise not have been recoverable directly from the tenants after the point of sale. Colmore Gate, Birmingham was then sold on 13 September at a price of £39.5m, representing a significant premium to the end of June valuation of £34.7m. This facilitated a further capital repayment to investors, paid in October.

As previously advised, in order to ensure the fair treatment of all investors throughout the closure process, it has been necessary to continue the suspension of all dealing in the Fund, so all investors share equitably in the proceeds raised by the sale of each property. Continuing the suspension of dealing in the Fund enables us to conduct the sale process in an orderly manner so that we can maximise the sales values achieved and act in the best interests of all investors. Until the portfolio sales plan is complete, the Management team will continue to focus on income collection so that we can maximise the regular income distributions.

November 2021

* Source: Lipper for Investment Management (performance calculated on a bid to bid basis, net income reinvested) as at 30 September 2020 (share class 1 accumulation, net of fees).

Some of the information within this is based upon Aviva Investors estimates. These have been calculated by Aviva Investors Real Estate Strategy and Research Team based on data sourced from recent market transactions and should not be relied on by anyone else for the purpose of making investment decisions. Past performance is not a guide to future.

PROPERTY RELATED SECURITIES SALES

Aviva Investors UK Property Fund[†]

[†] Investment managed by a related party.

PROPERTY RELATED SECURITIES PURCHASES

There were no purchases during the year.

Performance History – Accumulation Shares

Calendar year	Share Class 1 %	Share Class 2 %	Benchmark* %
31.12.15 to 31.12.16	-3.86	-3.37	0.48
31.12.16 to 31.12.17	8.51	9.06	7.54
31.12.17 to 31.12.18	3.40	3.70	3.24
31.12.18 to 31.12.19	-7.80	-7.60	-0.60
31.12.19 to 31.12.20	-13.60	-13.40	-5.30

* Benchmark – Investment Association UK Direct Property Sector.

COMPARATIVE TABLES

Class 1 Accumulation units	2021 p per unit	2020 p per unit	2019 p per unit
Change in net assets per unit			
Opening net asset value per unit	88.10	105.48	107.41
Return before operating charges [†]	(2.10)	(16.40)	(0.85)
Operating charges	(0.86)	(0.98)	(1.08)
Return after operating charges [†]	(2.96)	(17.38)	(1.93)
Distributions	(2.00)	(1.34)	(2.34)
Retained distributions on accumulation units	2.00	1.34	2.34
Closing net asset value per unit	85.14	88.10	105.48
[†] after direct transaction costs of	–	–	–
Performance			
Return after operating charges	(3.36)%	(16.48)%	(1.80)%
Other information			
Closing net asset value (£000)	32,511	61,830	92,780
Closing number of units	38,185,862	70,178,567	87,956,504
Operating charges (%) [†]	1.02%	1.02%	1.02%
Direct transaction costs (%) [†]	–	–	–
Prices[≈]			
Highest unit price	87.20	102.26	106.29
Lowest unit price	80.92	87.18	102.24

Class 2 Accumulation units	2021 p per unit	2020 p per unit	2019 p per unit
Change in net assets per unit			
Opening net asset value per unit	88.90	106.21	107.91
Return before operating charges [†]	(2.15)	(16.60)	(0.91)
Operating charges	(0.63)	(0.71)	(0.79)
Return after operating charges [†]	(2.78)	(17.31)	(1.70)
Distributions	(2.22)	(1.45)	(2.59)
Retained distributions on accumulation units	2.22	1.45	2.59
Closing net asset value per unit	86.12	88.90	106.21
[†] after direct transaction costs of	–	–	–
Performance			
Return after operating charges	(3.13)%	(16.30)%	(1.58)%
Other information			
Closing net asset value (£000)	61,262	116,221	168,292
Closing number of units	71,138,063	130,730,362	158,446,290
Operating charges (%) [†]	0.74%	0.74%	0.74%
Direct transaction costs (%) [†]	–	–	–
Prices[≈]			
Highest unit price	88.00	102.95	106.33
Lowest unit price	81.79	87.97	102.94

Class 6 Accumulation units	2021 p per unit	2020 p per unit	2019* p per unit
Change in net assets per unit			
Opening net asset value per unit	–	–	107.64
Return before operating charges [†]	–	–	(107.56)
Operating charges	–	–	(0.08)
Return after operating charges [†]	–	–	(107.64)
Distributions	–	–	–
Retained distributions on accumulation units	–	–	–
Closing net asset value per unit	–	–	–
[†] after direct transaction costs of	–	–	–
Performance			
Return after operating charges	–	–	–
Other information			
Closing net asset value (£000)	–	–	–
Closing number of units	–	–	–
Operating charges (%) [†]	–	–	–
Direct transaction costs (%) [†]	–	–	–
Prices[≈]			
Highest unit price	–	–	105.82
Lowest unit price	–	–	105.14

* Unit class was closed on 26 October 2018.

† The operating charges are calculated on an ex-post basis and as such may differ from the Ongoing Charge Figure where:

(a) Changes to fee rates were made during the year and the Ongoing Charge Figure has been amended to be future proofed for this change.

(b) The Ongoing Charge has been annualised for a unit class that has not yet been open for a full year.

The direct transaction costs have been stated after deducting, in the case of single-priced funds, the proportion of the amounts collected from dilution adjustments or dilution levies that relates to direct transaction costs and, in the case of dual-priced funds, the amounts collected in relation to direct transaction costs added to, or subtracted from, the valuations by virtue of COLL 6.3.6 G (4).

≈ The high and low prices disclosed are the high and low prices for the accounting year and not the calendar year and are based on published prices. The net asset value per unit price is based on the net asset value in the published accounts and may be different due to post year end accounting adjustments.

Ongoing Charges Figure**

Unit class	OCF* 30.09.21	PER** 30.09.21	Total*** 30.09.21	OCF* 30.09.20	PER** 30.09.20	Total*** 30.09.20
Class 1	1.02%	1.64%	2.66%	1.02%	1.02%	2.04%
Class 2	0.74%	1.64%	2.38%	0.74%	1.02%	1.76%

* The Ongoing Charges Figure (OCF) is calculated as the ratio of the total ongoing charges to the average net asset value of the Fund over the year. The OCF is made up of the Fund Management Fee and, where a fund invests a substantial portion of its assets in other funds, an amount for the pro-rated charges of those other funds (referred to as "synthetic charges" or the "synthetic" part of the ongoing charge). The figure for ongoing charges excludes performance fees and portfolio transaction costs, except in the case of an entry/exit charge paid by the Fund when buying or selling shares/units in another collective investment scheme.

** The Property Expense Ratio (PER) reflects any additional costs associated with the day-to-day operation of the direct property assets and is presented as a percentage of the average net value of the Fund over the year.

*** The Total Ratio represents the aggregate charges of the feeder (the sub-fund) and its qualifying master scheme (the Master fund).

† The Fund purchases Share class D of the UK Property Fund which does not carry an annual management charge.

Please remember that past performance is not a guide to future performance and it might not be repeated. The value of investments and the revenue from them may go down as well as up and investors may not get back the amount originally invested. Because of this, you are not certain to make a profit on your investments and you may lose money.

FUND PORTFOLIO STATEMENT

As at 30 September 2021

Investment	Currency	Holding	Market Value £000	% of Net Assets
Collective Investment Schemes 97.00 (99.81%)				
Aviva Investors UK Property Fund†	GBP	106,468,988	90,961	97.00
Total collective investment schemes			90,961	97.00
Investment assets			90,961	97.00
Net other assets			2,812	3.00
Net assets			93,773	100.00

The comparative percentage figures in brackets are as at 30 September 2020.

† Investment managed by a related party.

STATEMENT OF TOTAL RETURN

For the year ended 30 September 2021

	Notes	£000	Year ended 30.09.21 £000	£000	Year ended 30.09.20 £000
Income					
Net capital losses	2		(9,783)		(32,296)
Revenue	3	5,834		4,994	
Expenses	4	(1,319)		(1,705)	
Net revenue before taxation		4,515		3,289	
Taxation	5	(568)		(391)	
Net revenue after taxation			3,947		2,898
Total return before distributions			(5,836)		(29,398)
Distributions	6		(3,947)		(3,055)
Change in net assets attributable to unitholders from investment activities			(9,783)		(32,453)

STATEMENT OF CHANGE IN NET ASSETS ATTRIBUTABLE TO UNITHOLDERS

For the year ended 30 September 2021

	£000	Year ended 30.09.21 £000	£000	Year ended 30.09.20 £000
Opening net assets attributable to unitholders		178,051		261,072
Movement due to issue and cancellation of units:				
Amounts receivable on issue of units	(2,471)		(3,283)	
Amounts payable on cancellation of units	(75,509)		(50,872)	
		(77,980)		(54,155)
Dilution adjustment		489		755
Change in net assets attributable to unitholders from investment activities (see above)		(9,783)		(32,453)
Retained distribution on accumulation units		2,996		2,832
Closing net assets attributable to unitholders		93,773		178,051

BALANCE SHEET

As at 30 September 2021

	Notes	As at 30.09.21 £000	As at 30.09.20 £000
Assets:			
Investments	7	90,961	177,716
Current assets:			
Debtors	8	4,137	2,814
Cash and bank balances	9	1,468	2
Total assets		96,566	180,532
Liabilities:			
Creditors:			
Other creditors	10	(2,793)	(2,481)
Total liabilities		(2,793)	(2,481)
Net assets attributable to unitholders		93,773	178,051

CASH FLOW STATEMENT

For the year ended 30 September 2021

	Note	£000	Year ended 30.09.21 £000	£000	Year ended 30.09.20 £000
Net cash outflow from operating activities	17		(2)		(981)
Taxation					
Taxation received			466		637
Financial investments					
Purchases of investments		–		(6,592)	
Sales of investments		76,972		52,595	
			76,972		46,003
Financing					
Interest paid from income		2		4	
Amounts received on issue of shares		–		5,955	
Amounts paid on cancellation of shares		(75,972)		(51,625)	
			(75,970)		(45,666)
Increase/(decrease) in cash in the year			1,466		(7)
Net cash and cash equivalents at the start of the year			2		9
Net cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year			1,468		2

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1 Accounting basis and policies

Please see pages 6 and 7 for accounting basis and policies.

2 Net capital losses

	Year ended 30.09.21 £000	Year ended 30.09.20 £000
Net capital losses on investment during the year comprise:		
Realised non-derivative contracts losses	(15,770)	(912)
Unrealised non-derivative contracts gains/(losses)	5,987	(31,384)
Net capital losses	(9,783)	(32,296)

3 Revenue

	Year ended 30.09.21 £000	Year ended 30.09.20 £000
Bank and deposit interest	2	4
Interest on debt securities	1	130
Property income distributions	4,154	3,526
UK dividends	1,677	1,334
Total revenue	5,834	4,994

4 Expenses*

	Year ended 30.09.21 £000	Year ended 30.09.20 £000
Payable to the Manager, associates of the Manager and agents of either of them:		
Fund Management Fee	1,319	1,705
Total expenses	1,319	1,705

* Audit Fee: The audit fee for the Aviva Investors UK Property Fund master feeder structure is borne at the level of the Aviva Investors UK Property Fund. The audit fee (excluding VAT) for Aviva Investors UK Property Feeder Accumulation Fund and Aviva Investors UK Property Feeder Income Fund was £11,989 (2020: £11,528).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

5 Taxation**a Analysis of tax charge**

	Year ended 30.09.21 £000	Year ended 30.09.20 £000
Corporation tax	568	391
Total current tax (see note 5b)	568	391

b Factors affecting current tax charge

The tax assessed for the year is lower (2020: lower) than the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK for an Authorised Investment Fund (20%) (2020: 20%).

The differences are explained below:

	Year ended 30.09.21 £000	Year ended 30.09.20 £000
Net revenue before taxation	4,515	3,289
Corporation tax at 20%	903	658
Effects of:		
UK dividends not subject to corporation tax	(335)	(267)
Current tax charge (see note 5a)	568	391

Authorised Investment Funds are exempt from tax on capital gains. Therefore, any capital return is not included in the above reconciliation.

c Deferred tax

There was no provision for deferred tax at the year end (2020: £nil).

6 Distributions

	Year ended 30.09.21 £000	Year ended 30.09.20 £000
The distributions take account of revenue received on the issue of units and revenue deducted on the cancellation of units, and comprise:		
Interim distribution	1,431	2,832
Final distribution	1,565	–
	2,996	2,832
Add: Revenue deducted on cancellation of units	951	259
Deduct: Revenue received on issue of units	–	(36)
Total distributions	3,947	3,055

Details of the distributions per unit are set out in the distribution tables on page 20.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

7 Fair value hierarchy

	As at 30.09.21 Assets £000	As at 30.09.20 Assets £000
Level 3: Unobservable data	90,961	177,716
Total value	90,961	177,716

The purpose of the fair value hierarchy is to prioritise the inputs that should be used to measure the fair value of assets and liabilities.

The highest priority is given to quoted prices at which a transaction can be entered into and the lowest priority is given to unobservable inputs. Disclosure is required of the value in each category in order to give an insight into the extent to which fair value measurements are subjective.

The disclosure is split into the following categories:

Level 1: Unadjusted quoted price in an active market for an identical instrument;

Level 2: Valuation techniques using observable inputs other than quoted prices within level 1;

Level 3: Valuation techniques using unobservable inputs.

8 Debtors

	As at 30.09.21 £000	As at 30.09.20 £000
Accrued revenue	2,992	463
Property income tax recoverable	1,145	2,351
Total debtors	4,137	2,814

9 Cash and bank balances

	As at 30.09.21 £000	As at 30.09.20 £000
Cash and bank balances	1,468	2
Total cash and bank balances	1,468	2

10 Other creditors

	As at 30.09.21 £000	As at 30.09.20 £000
Accrued expenses	2,226	910
Corporation tax payable	567	1,571
Total other creditors	2,793	2,481

11 Contingent liabilities and commitments

There were no contingent liabilities or commitments at the year end (2020: £nil).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

12 Related party transactions

Aviva Investors UK Fund Services Limited, Aviva Investors Global Services Limited and the Aviva Group are deemed to be related parties per section 33.10 of FRS 102 as they are entities with control, joint control or significant influence over the entity.

The Fund Management Fee paid to Aviva Investors UK Fund Services Limited ("the Manager") are shown in note 4 and details of units issued and cancelled by the Manager are shown in the statement of change in net assets attributable to unitholders. The balance due to the Manager at the year end in respect of Manager periodic charges was £2,226,140 (2020: £909,799). Any balance due from the Manager in respect of issues is shown in note 8. Any balance due to the Manager in respect of cancellations is shown in note 10.

Distributions payable to the Manager and related parties of the Manager during the year amounted to £929,261 (2020: £1,013,008). The amount outstanding at the year end was £488,503 (2020: £nil). Related parties of the Manager are deemed to be all companies under the control of Aviva Plc. This will include companies which hold shares in the Fund on behalf of other external investors.

Any investments managed and advised by Aviva Investors Global Services Limited or associated with the Aviva Group are identified on the portfolio statement.

The total purchases and sales on these investments during the year amounted to £nil (2020: £6,482,770) and £76,971,700 (2020: £51,438,450) respectively. The income received during the year amounted to £nil (2020: £4,990,785).

Holdings at the year end and movements during the year are as follows:

	Holdings at 30.09.21 (units)	Movement (units)	Holdings at 30.09.20 (units)
Manager and related parties (Class 1 Accumulation units)	18,476,524	(18,891,077)	37,367,601
Manager and related parties (Class 2 Accumulation units)	16,130,461	(17,306,081)	33,436,542

The Manager and related parties of the Manager are ineligible to vote at any general meeting.

13 Unitholder funds

The Fund currently has two unit classes: Class 1 (Retail) and Class 2 (Institutional). The Fund Management Fee are as follows:

Class 1: 1.02%

Class 2: 0.74%

The net asset value per unit class, the net asset value per unit and the number of units in the class are shown on page 10. The distributions per unit class are given in the distribution tables on page 20. All the unit classes have the same rights on winding up.

14 Units in issue reconciliation

	Number of units in issue at 30.09.20	Number of units issued	Number of units cancelled	Number of units converted	Number of units in issue at 30.09.21
Class 1 Accumulation units	70,178,567	–	(31,992,705)	–	38,185,862
Class 2 Accumulation units	130,730,362	–	(59,592,299)	–	71,138,063

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

15 Derivatives and other financial instruments

The policies applied in the management of financial instruments are set out on page 7.

Fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities

There is no significant difference between the carrying values of the financial assets and liabilities and their fair values (2020: £nil).

Currency risk

The Fund's financial assets and liabilities are all denominated in Sterling. As a result, the Fund has no exposure to currency movement.

Interest rate risk

At the year end date 1.57% (2020: 0.00%) of the net assets of the Fund were interest bearing and as such the interest rate risk is not considered significant.

The floating rate on bank balances is linked to the Trustee's base rate.

The floating rate on deposits is linked to LIBOR or its overseas equivalent.

Market price risk

At the year end date, 97.00% (2020: 99.81%) of the net assets of the Fund were invested in ordinary shares or stock units or debt securities admitted to an official stock exchange. If the market value were to change by 10%, the value of the Fund would change by 9.70% (2020: 9.98%).

16 Direct transaction costs

Due to the nature of the investments held, no transaction costs or taxes were incurred on the Fund's purchases or sales during the current year ended 30 September 2021 (2020: £nil). The total purchases for the year amounted to nil (2020: £6,482,770) and the total sales amounted to £76,971,700 (2020: £51,438,450).

Dealing spread

As at 30 September 2021, the average portfolio dealing spread was nil% (2020: nil%). This spread represents the difference between the values determined retrospectively by reference to the bid and offer prices of investments expressed as a percentage of the value determined by reference to the offer price.

17 Reconciliation of net revenue before taxation to net cash inflow from operating activities

	Year ended 30.09.21 £000	Year ended 30.09.20 £000
Net revenue before taxation	4,515	3,289
Removal of capital items	(5,834)	(4,994)
Increase in creditors	1,317	724
Net cash outflow from operating activities	(2)	(981)

18 Post balance sheet events

There are no post balance sheet events which require adjustment or disclosure at the year end (2020: £nil).

DISTRIBUTION TABLES

Final distribution payable in pence per unit for the six months ended 30 September 2021

Accumulation units		Net revenue	Equalisation	Final distribution payable 30 November 2021	Final distribution paid 30 November 2020
Class 1 Accumulation units	Group 1	1.3610	–	1.3610	0.0000
	Group 2	1.3610	0.0000	1.3610	0.0000
Class 2 Accumulation units	Group 1	1.4695	–	1.4695	0.0000
	Group 2	1.4695	0.0000	1.4695	0.0000

Final Distribution

Group 1 units are those units purchased at or before 12.00 noon on 31 March 2021.

Group 2 units are those units purchased after 12:00 noon on 31 March 2021.

Interim distribution paid in pence per unit for the six months ended 31 March 2021

Accumulation units		Net revenue	Equalisation	Interim distribution paid 31 May 2021	Interim distribution paid 31 May 2020
Class 1 Accumulation units	Group 1	0.6430	–	0.6430	1.3416
	Group 2	0.6430	0.0000	0.6430	1.3416
Class 2 Accumulation units	Group 1	0.7495	–	0.7495	1.4464
	Group 2	0.7495	0.0000	0.7495	1.4464

Interim Distribution

Group 1 units are those units purchased at or before 12.00 noon on 30 September 2021.

Group 2 units are those units purchased after 12:00 noon on 30 September 2021.

Equalisation

Equalisation applies only to Group 2 units, in other words units purchased during the relevant period. It is the average amount of revenue included in the purchase price of all Group 2 units and is refunded to the holders of these units as return of capital. Being capital, it is not liable to income tax but must be deducted from the cost of units for capital gains tax purposes.

AVIVA INVESTORS UK PROPERTY FEEDER INCOME FUND

INVESTMENT OBJECTIVE

The Fund aims to provide a combination of income and growth over the long term (5 years or more), through exposure to UK property.

On 19 July 2021 the FCA accepted Aviva Investors application to terminate the Fund. The remaining properties held within the Fund will be sold and proceeds from the resulting sales will be distributed to Investors in due course. The below Investment Objective and Investment Approach sections set out the Fund objectives and approach prior to the Fund's closure on 19 July 2021.

INVESTMENT APPROACH

Core investment

The Fund will be invested solely in the Aviva Investors UK Property Fund (the "Master Fund") other than cash and deposits, which will only be held to ensure that the Fund can meet its payment obligations.

Master Fund Strategy and environmental, social and governance ("ESG") factors

The Fund aims to achieve similar investment returns to the Master Fund. However, returns may be different as a result of the cash and deposits held by the Fund.

The Master Fund is structured as a Property Authorised Investment Fund and will invest at least 70% of its assets in UK property in normal market conditions. The Master Fund's strategy, including its consideration of ESG factors, is set out below:

The Master Fund is actively managed and the Investment Manager aims to use detailed analysis, expertise and relationships to drive income and growth for investors, rather than relying on property market movements alone. This will include making decisions such as actively managing property transactions, redeveloping properties and the negotiation of leases.

ESG factors are integrated into the due diligence performed before purchasing assets for the Master Fund, and throughout the life of the investment, with the intention of reducing risk, protecting value, and delivering enhanced income and growth. This includes engagement with the occupiers of properties to reduce energy consumption and waste, and to increase community engagement. Identification of ESG risks does not preclude investment in or the continued holding of an asset, as our ability to mitigate risks through active management of assets is also taken into account, and the Investment Manager retains discretion over the investments that are selected for the Master Fund. Aviva Investors' investment policy includes limited ESG restrictions, and further information on how we integrate Responsible Investment and these restrictions into our investment approach, and how we engage with companies is available on our website and in the Prospectus.

Investors may wish to refer to the Key Investor Information Document and Prospectus for the Master Fund for full details of its investment objective and the investments it can make.

Performance & Risk Measurement

The Fund's performance is compared against the Investment Association UK Direct Property Sector (the "Sector"). The Sector is an industry benchmark made up of funds which meet the Sector criteria, which includes investing at least 70% of their assets directly in UK property on average over 5 year rolling periods. The Sector also includes funds whose policy is to dedicate investment into one of the funds which meet the Sector criteria, which is the case for the Fund.

The Sector has been selected as a benchmark for performance measurement because the Fund will be managed in line with the criteria of the Sector, and it is an independent measure of the performance of investment funds which are comparable to those of the Fund. It is therefore an appropriate comparator for the Fund's performance.

RISK PROFILE

The Trust invests in the Aviva Investors UK Property Fund (the Master Fund), which invests a significant proportion of its assets in physical property that at times may not always be readily saleable. Investors should be aware that during such times that the Trust's property of the Master Fund is not readily saleable, the ACD of the Master Fund may defer redemptions or suspend dealing in shares of the Master Fund, meaning that the Manager will necessarily defer redemptions of units, or suspend dealing in units in the Trust. As a result of this, the Trust may be suitable only for those investors who have capital which may be committed on a long-term basis.

Investments in property are relatively illiquid and more difficult to realise than equities or bonds.

There is no assurance that the estimates resulting from the valuation process will reflect the actual sales price even where a sale occurs shortly after the valuation date.

The value of investments and the income from them will change over time.

FUND MANAGER'S REPORT

TOTAL PERFORMANCE

Over the twelve months to 30 September 2021, the Fund* delivered a total return of -6.28% (Share Class 1 Accumulation net of fees) compared to the Investment Association UK Direct Property Sector average of 2.92%.

AVIVA INVESTORS UK PROPERTY FUND PROFILE AND PORTFOLIO REVIEW

As the Feeder Fund invests solely in units of the Aviva Investors UK Property Fund, the following information relates to the underlying portfolio of that Fund.

REVIEW

As investors will be aware, dealing in the Funds was suspended in March 2020 due to material uncertainty over the valuation of property within the portfolio, brought about by the COVID-19 pandemic. During this period of economic uncertainty, it became increasingly challenging to generate positive returns whilst also providing the necessary liquidity to re-open the Funds.

AVIVA INVESTORS UK PROPERTY FEEDER INCOME FUND (CONTINUED)

FUND MANAGER'S REPORT

REVIEW (CONTINUED)

On 31 January 2021 the Value Assessment for these Funds determined that a strategic review should be undertaken to ensure investors' long-term interests could continue to be served. This review, combined with forecast redemption levels upon re-opening, concluded that the Funds' ability to fully benefit from the economies of scale and the diversification of investments that collective investment schemes normally bring would soon be limited. Size is particularly important for funds that invest in property directly because the costs involved in acquiring, managing and disposing of properties are usually much higher than the costs associated with other asset types.

As such it was concluded that it would be in investors' best interests to wind-up the Funds and return cash to investors in a fair and orderly manner.

The Funds have continued to be suspended during this period and with effect from 19 July 2021 was placed into termination. Since investors were informed that we will be closing the Aviva Investors UK Property Fund the focus of the manager has been on preparing for and executing the orderly sale of the Fund's portfolio.

In order to both improve investment performance for the benefit of investors whilst they remain invested in the Fund, and also to position each asset to achieve the best outcome when they are ultimately brought to market, we continue to deliver active management of the underlying property.

Following the sale of our Ealing Cross asset during Q2 2021, two further asset sales were carried out during Q3 2021. Lombardy Retail Park, Hayes was sold on 29 July at a price of £42.5m – a premium to the end of June valuation of £41m. Importantly, the Fund also secured outstanding rental arrears from the purchaser as well, which would otherwise not have been recoverable directly from the tenants after the point of sale. Colmore Gate, Birmingham was then sold on 13 September at a price of £39.5m, representing a significant premium to the end of June valuation of £34.7m. This facilitated a further capital repayment to investors, paid in October.

As previously advised, in order to ensure the fair treatment of all investors throughout the closure process, it has been necessary to continue the suspension of all dealing in the Fund, so all investors share equitably in the proceeds raised by the sale of each property. Continuing the suspension of dealing in the Fund enables us to conduct the sale process in an orderly manner so that we can maximise the sales values achieved and act in the best interests of all investors. Until the portfolio sales plan is complete, the Management team will continue to focus on income collection so that we can maximise the regular income distributions.

November 2021

* Source: Lipper for Investment Management (performance calculated on a bid to bid basis, net income reinvested) as at 30 September 2020 (share class 1 accumulation, net of fees).

Some of the information within this is based upon Aviva Investors estimates. These have been calculated by Aviva Investors Real Estate Strategy and Research Team based on data sourced from recent market transactions and should not be relied on by anyone else for the purpose of making investment decisions. Past performance is not a guide to future.

PROPERTY RELATED SECURITIES SALES

Aviva Investors UK Property Fund[†]

[†] Investment managed by a related party.

PROPERTY RELATED SECURITIES PURCHASES

There were no purchases during the year.

Performance History – Income Shares

Calendar year	Share Class 1 %	Share Class 2 %	Share Class 5 %
31.12.15 to 31.12.16	-3.90	-3.36	-3.32
31.12.16 to 31.12.17	8.54	9.19	9.85
31.12.17 to 31.12.18	3.40	3.70	-1.00
31.12.18 to 31.12.19	-7.70	-7.60	-8.70
31.12.19 to 31.12.20	-13.50	-13.30	-16.20

Performance History – Income Shares

Calendar year	Share Class 7** %	Benchmark Performance* %
31.12.15 to 31.12.16	N/A	0.48
31.12.16 to 31.12.17	N/A	7.54
31.12.17 to 31.12.18	N/A	3.24
31.12.18 to 31.12.19	-4.90	-0.60
31.12.19 to 31.12.20	-17.00	-5.30

* Benchmark – Investment Association UK Direct Property Sector.

** Please note that as these Funds, or Classes, are recently launched no significant past performance data is currently available.

COMPARATIVE TABLES

Class 1 Income units	2021 p per unit	2020 p per unit	2019 p per unit
Change in net assets per unit			
Opening net asset value per unit	83.08	99.16	104.03
Return before operating charges [†]	(4.30)	(13.85)	(1.52)
Operating charges	(0.81)	(0.93)	(1.06)
Return after operating charges [†]	(5.11)	(14.78)	(2.58)
Distributions	(1.87)	(1.30)	(2.29)
Closing net asset value per unit	76.10	83.08	99.16
[†] after direct transaction costs of	–	–	–
Performance			
Return after operating charges	(6.15)%	(14.91)%	(2.48)%
Other information			
Closing net asset value (£000)	25,107	50,374	64,803
Closing number of units	32,992,515	60,635,341	65,349,024
Operating charges (%) [†]	1.02%	1.02%	1.02%
Direct transaction costs (%) [#]	–	–	–
Prices[°]			
Highest unit price	82.41	98.35	103.72
Lowest unit price	75.97	82.42	99.39

Class 2 Income units	2021 p per unit	2020 p per unit	2019 p per unit
Change in net assets per unit			
Opening net asset value per unit	83.15	99.16	104.04
Return before operating charges [†]	(4.34)	(13.95)	(1.63)
Operating charges	(0.59)	(0.68)	(0.77)
Return after operating charges [†]	(4.93)	(14.63)	(2.40)
Distributions	(2.03)	(1.38)	(2.48)
Closing net asset value per unit	76.19	83.15	99.16
[†] after direct transaction costs of	–	–	–
Performance			
Return after operating charges	(5.93)%	(14.75)%	(2.31)%
Other information			
Closing net asset value (£000)	26,435	53,027	97,051
Closing number of units	34,695,303	63,770,106	97,875,388
Operating charges (%) [†]	0.74%	0.74%	0.74%
Direct transaction costs (%) [#]	–	–	–
Prices[°]			
Highest unit price	82.40	98.34	103.71
Lowest unit price	76.07	82.48	99.46

Class 5 Income units	2021 p per unit	2020 p per unit	2019 p per unit
Change in net assets per unit			
Opening net asset value per unit	82.00	97.00	101.00
Return before operating charges [†]	(6.49)	(15.00)	(3.34)
Operating charges	–	–	(0.66)
Return after operating charges [†]	(6.49)	(15.00)	(4.00)
Distributions	–	–	–
Closing net asset value per unit	75.51	82.00	97.00
[†] after direct transaction costs of	–	–	–
Performance			
Return after operating charges	(7.91)%	(15.46)%	(3.96)%
Other information			
Closing net asset value (£000)	–	–	–
Closing number of units	1	1	1
Operating charges (%) [†]	0.00%	0.67%	0.67%
Direct transaction costs (%) [#]	–	–	–
Prices[°]			
Highest unit price	81.20	96.17	102.49
Lowest unit price	74.86	81.19	95.90

Class 6 Income units	2021 p per unit	2020 p per unit	2019 p per unit
Change in net assets per unit			
Opening net asset value per unit	–	–	104.03
Return before operating charges [†]	–	–	(103.95)
Operating charges	–	–	(0.08)
Return after operating charges [†]	–	–	(104.03)
Distributions	–	–	–
Closing net asset value per unit	–	–	–
[†] after direct transaction costs of	–	–	–
Performance			
Return after operating charges	–	–	–
Other information			
Closing net asset value (£000)	–	–	–
Closing number of units	–	–	–
Operating charges (%) [†]	–	–	–
Direct transaction costs (%) [#]	–	–	–
Prices[°]			
Highest unit price	–	–	103.61
Lowest unit price	–	–	102.94

COMPARATIVE TABLES (CONTINUED)

	2021 p per unit	2020 p per unit	2019 p per unit
Class 7 Income units			
Change in net assets per unit			
Opening net asset value per unit	82.00	98.00	100.00
Return before operating charges [‡]	(6.49)	(16.00)	(1.27)
Operating charges	–	–	(0.73)
Return after operating charges [‡]	(6.49)	(16.00)	(2.00)
Distributions	–	–	–
Closing net asset value per unit	75.51	82.00	98.00
[†] after direct transaction costs of	–	–	–
Performance			
Return after operating charges	(7.91)%	(16.33)%	(2.00)%
Other information			
Closing net asset value (£000)	–	–	–
Closing number of units	1	1	1
Operating charges (%) [‡]	0.00%	0.74%	0.74%
Direct transaction costs (%) [#]	–	–	–
Prices[≈]			
Highest unit price	81.20	97.16	100.42
Lowest unit price	74.86	81.19	96.89

‡ The operating charges are calculated on an ex-post basis and as such may differ from the Ongoing Charge Figure where:

(a) Changes to fee rates were made during the year and the Ongoing Charge Figure has been amended to be future proofed for this change.

(b) The Ongoing Charge has been annualised for a unit class that has not yet been open for a full year.

The direct transaction costs have been stated after deducting, in the case of single-priced funds, the proportion of the amounts collected from dilution adjustments or dilution levies that relates to direct transaction costs and, in the case of dual-priced funds, the amounts collected in relation to direct transaction costs added to, or subtracted from, the valuations by virtue of COLL 6.3.6 G (4).

≈ The high and low prices disclosed are the high and low prices for the accounting period and not the calendar year and are based on published prices. The net asset value per unit price is based on the net asset value in the published accounts and may be different due to post period end accounting adjustments.

Ongoing Charges Figure^{†}**

Unit class	OCF*	PER**	Total***	OCF*	PER**	Total***
	30.09.21	30.09.21	30.09.21	30.09.20	30.09.20	30.09.20
Class 1	1.02%	1.64%	2.66%	1.02%	1.02%	2.04%
Class 2	0.74%	1.64%	2.38%	0.74%	1.02%	1.76%
Class 5	–	–	–	0.67%	1.02%	1.69%
Class 7	–	–	–	0.74%	1.02%	1.76%

* The Ongoing Charges Figure (OCF) is calculated as the ratio of the total ongoing charges to the average net asset value of the Fund over the year. The OCF is made up of the Fund Management Fee and, where a fund invests a substantial portion of its assets in other funds, an amount for the pro-rated charges of those other funds (referred to as "synthetic charges" or the "synthetic" part of the ongoing charge). The figure for ongoing charges excludes performance fees and portfolio transaction costs, except in the case of an entry/exit charge paid by the Fund when buying or selling shares/units in another collective investment scheme.

** The Property Expense Ratio (PER) reflects any additional costs associated with the day-to-day operation of the direct property assets and is presented as a percentage of the average net value of the Fund over the year.

*** The Total Ratio represents the aggregate charges of the feeder (the sub-fund) and its qualifying master scheme (the Master fund).

† The Fund purchases Share class D of the UK Property Fund which does not carry an annual management charge.

Please remember that past performance is not a guide to future performance and it might not be repeated. The value of investments and the revenue from them may go down as well as up and investors may not get back the amount originally invested. Because of this, you are not certain to make a profit on your investments and you may lose money.

FUND PORTFOLIO STATEMENT

As at 30 September 2021

Investment	Currency	Holding	Market Value £000	% of Net Assets
Collective Investment Schemes 97.30% (99.17%)				
Aviva Investors UK Property Fund†	GBP	67,243,381	50,150	97.30
Total collective investment schemes			50,150	97.30
Investment assets			50,150	97.30
Net other assets			1,392	2.70
Net assets			51,542	100.00

The comparative percentage figures in brackets are as at 30 September 2020.

† Investment managed by a related party.

STATEMENT OF TOTAL RETURN

For the year ended 30 September 2021

	Notes	£000	Year ended 30.09.21 £000	£000	Year ended 30.09.20 £000
Income					
Net capital losses	2		(8,513)		(21,969)
Revenue	3	3,343		3,015	
Expenses	4	(797)		(1,055)	
Net revenue before taxation		2,546		1,960	
Taxation	5	(321)		(237)	
Net revenue after taxation			2,225		1,723
Total return before distributions			(6,288)		(20,246)
Distributions	6		(2,225)		(1,829)
Change in net assets attributable to unitholders from investment activities			(8,513)		(22,075)

STATEMENT OF CHANGE IN NET ASSETS ATTRIBUTABLE TO UNITHOLDERS

For the year ended 30 September 2021

	£000	Year ended 30.09.21 £000	£000	Year ended 30.09.20 £000
Opening net assets attributable to unitholders		103,401		161,854
Movement due to issue and cancellation of units:				
Amounts receivable on issue of units	–		3,686	
Amounts payable on cancellation of units	(43,618)		(40,626)	
		(43,618)		(36,940)
Dilution adjustment		272		562
Change in net assets attributable to unitholders from investment activities (see above)		(8,513)		(22,075)
Closing net assets attributable to unitholders		51,542		103,401

BALANCE SHEET

As at 30 September 2021

	Notes	As at 30.09.21 £000	As at 30.09.20 £000
Assets:			
Investments	7	50,150	102,546
Current assets:			
Debtors	8	2,378	1,732
Cash and bank balances	9	1,567	646
Total assets		54,095	104,924
Liabilities:			
Creditors:			
Distribution payable		(881)	–
Other creditors	10	(1,672)	(1,523)
Total liabilities		(2,553)	(1,523)
Net assets attributable to unitholders		51,542	103,401

CASH FLOW STATEMENT

For the year ended 30 September 2021

	Note	£000	Year ended 30.09.21 £000	£000	Year ended 30.09.20 £000
Net cash inflow from operating activities	17		1,907		6,275
Servicing of finance					
Distributions paid			(806)		(4,053)
Taxation					
Taxation paid			(181)		(969)
Financial investments					
Purchases of investments		–		(5,183)	
Sales of investments		43,883		43,202	
			43,883		38,019
Financing					
Interest paid from income		1		3	
Amounts received on issue of shares		–		3,952	
Amounts paid on cancellation of shares		(43,883)		(42,590)	
			(43,882)		(38,635)
Increase in cash in the year			921		637
Net cash and cash equivalents at the start of the year			646		9
Net cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year			1,567		646

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1 Accounting basis and policies

Please see pages 6 and 7 for accounting basis and policies.

2 Net capital losses

	Year ended 30.09.21 £000	Year ended 30.09.20 £000
Net capital losses on investment during the year comprise:		
Realised non-derivative contracts losses	(13,864)	(3,026)
Unrealised non-derivative contracts gains/(losses)	5,351	(18,943)
Net capital losses	(8,513)	(21,969)

3 Revenue

	Year ended 30.09.21 £000	Year ended 30.09.20 £000
Bank and deposit interest	2	3
Interest on debt securities	1	80
Property income distributions	2,399	2,155
UK dividends	941	777
Total revenue	3,343	3,015

4 Expenses*

	Year ended 30.09.21 £000	Year ended 30.09.20 £000
Payable to the Manager, associates of the Manager or agents of either of them:		
Fund Management Fee	797	1,055
Total expenses	797	1,055

* Audit Fee: The audit fee for the Aviva Investors UK Property Fund master feeder structure is borne at the level of the Aviva Investors UK Property Fund. The audit fee (excluding VAT) for Aviva Investors UK Property Feeder Accumulation Fund and Aviva Investors UK Property Feeder Income Fund was £11,989 (2020: £11,528).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

5 Taxation**a Analysis of tax charge**

	Year ended 30.09.21 £000	Year ended 30.09.20 £000
Corporation tax	321	237
Total current tax (see note 5b)	321	237

b Factors affecting current tax charge

The tax assessed for the year is lower (2020: lower) than the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK for an Authorised Investment Fund (20%) (2020: 20%).

The differences are explained below:

	Year ended 30.09.21 £000	Year ended 30.09.20 £000
Net revenue before taxation	2,546	1,960
Corporation tax at 20%	509	392
Effects of:		
UK dividends not subject to corporation tax	(188)	(155)
Current tax charge (see note 5a)	321	237

Authorised Investment Funds are exempt from tax on capital gains. Therefore, any capital return is not included in the above reconciliation.

c Deferred tax

There was no provision for deferred tax at the year end (2020: £nil).

6 Distributions

	Year ended 30.09.21 £000	Year ended 30.09.20 £000
The distributions take account of revenue received on the issue of units and revenue deducted on the cancellation of units, and comprise:		
Interim distribution	806	1,667
Final distribution	881	–
	1,687	1,667
Add: Revenue deducted on cancellation of units	538	179
Deduct: Revenue received on issue of units	–	(17)
Total distributions	2,225	1,829

Details of the distributions per unit are set out in the distribution tables on page 34.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

7 Fair value hierarchy

Valuation technique	As at 30.09.21 Assets £000	As at 30.09.20 Assets £000
Level 3: Unobservable data	50,150	102,546
Total value	50,150	102,546

The purpose of the fair value hierarchy is to prioritise the inputs that should be used to measure the fair value of assets and liabilities.

The highest priority is given to quoted prices at which a transaction can be entered into and the lowest priority is given to unobservable inputs. Disclosure is required of the value in each category in order to give an insight into the extent to which fair value measurements are subjective.

The disclosure is split into the following categories:

Level 1: Unadjusted quoted price in an active market for an identical instrument;

Level 2: Valuation techniques using observable inputs other than quoted prices within level 1;

Level 3: Valuation techniques using unobservable inputs.

8 Debtors

	As at 30.09.21 £000	As at 30.09.20 £000
Accrued revenue	1,704	272
Property Income Tax Recoverable	674	1,460
Total debtors	2,378	1,732

9 Cash and bank balances

	As at 30.09.21 £000	As at 30.09.20 £000
Cash and bank balances	1,567	646
Total cash and bank balances	1,567	646

10 Other creditors

	As at 30.09.21 £000	As at 30.09.20 £000
Accrued expenses	1,351	555
Corporation tax payable	321	968
Total other creditors	1,672	1,523

11 Contingent liabilities and commitments

There were no contingent liabilities or commitments at the year end (2020: £nil).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

12 Related party transactions

Aviva Investors UK Fund Services Limited, Aviva Investors Global Services Limited and the Aviva Group are deemed to be related parties per section 33.10 of FRS 102 as they are entities with control, joint control or significant influence over the entity.

The Fund Management Fees paid to Aviva Investors UK Fund Services Limited ("the Manager") are shown in note 4 and details of units issued and cancelled by the Manager are shown in the statement of change in net assets attributable to unitholders. The balance due to the Manager at the year end in respect of Manager periodic charges was £1,350,475 (2020: £555,302). Any balance due from the Manager in respect of issues is shown in note 8. Any balance due to the Manager in respect of cancellations is shown in note 10.

Distributions payable to the Manager and related parties of the Manager during the year amounted to £67,048 (2020: £87,853). The amount outstanding at the year end was £34,864 (2020: £nil). Related parties of the Manager are deemed to be all companies under the control of Aviva Plc. This will include companies which hold shares in the Fund on behalf of other external investors.

Any investments managed and advised by Aviva Investors Global Services Limited or associated with the Aviva Group are identified on the portfolio statement.

The total purchases and sales on these investments during the 30 September 2021 amounted to £nil (2020: £5,111,917) and £43,883,290 (2020: £40,911,657) respectively. The income received during the 30 September 2021 amounted to £nil (2020: £3,012,000).

Holdings at the year end and movements during the year are as follows:

	Holdings at 30.09.21 (units)	Movement (units)	Holdings at 30.09.20 (units)
Manager and related parties (Class 1 Income units)	2,450	(1,987)	4,437
Manager and related parties (Class 2 Income units)	2,590,591	(1,447,423)	4,038,014

The Manager and related parties of the Manager are ineligible to vote at any general meeting.

13 Unitholder funds

The Fund currently has four unit classes: Class 1 (Retail) and Class 2, Class 5 and Class 7 (Institutional). The Fund Management Fee are as follows:

Class 1:	1.02%
Class 2:	0.74%
Class 5:	0.67%
Class 7:	0.74%

The net asset value per unit class, the net asset value per unit and the number of units in the class are shown on pages 23 and 24. The distributions per unit class are given in the distribution table on page 34. All the unit classes have the same rights on winding up.

14 Units in issue reconciliation

	Number of units in issue at 30.09.20	Number of units issued	Number of units cancelled	Number of units converted	Number of units in issue at 30.09.21
Class 1 Income units	60,635,341	–	(27,642,826)	–	32,992,515
Class 2 Income units	63,770,106	–	(29,074,803)	–	34,695,303
Class 5 Income units	1	–	–	–	1
Class 7 Income units	1	–	–	–	1

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

15 Derivatives and other financial instruments

The policies applied in the management of financial instruments are set out on page 7.

Fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities

There is no significant difference between the carrying values of the financial assets and liabilities and their fair values (2020: £nil).

Currency risk

The Fund's financial assets and liabilities are all denominated in Sterling. As a result, the Fund has no exposure to currency movement.

Interest rate risk

At the year end date 3.04% (2020: 0.62%) of the net assets of the Fund were interest bearing and as such the interest rate risk is not considered significant.

The floating rate on bank balances is linked to the Trustee's base rate.

The floating rate on deposits is linked to LIBOR or its overseas equivalent.

Market price risk

At the year end date, 97.30% (2020: 99.17%) of the net assets of the Fund were invested in ordinary shares or stock units or debt securities admitted to an official stock exchange. If the market value were to change by 10%, the value of the Fund would change by 9.73% (2020: 9.92%).

16 Direct transaction costs

Due to the nature of the investments held, no transaction costs or taxes were incurred on the Fund's purchases or sales during the current year ended 30 September 2021 (2020: £nil). The total purchases for the year amounted to £nil (2020: £5,111,917) and the total sales amounted to £43,883,290 (2020: £40,911,657).

Dealing spread

As at 30 September 2021, the average portfolio dealing spread was nil% (2020: nil%). This spread represents the difference between the values determined respectively by reference to the bid and offer prices of investments expressed as a percentage of the value determined by reference to the offer price.

17 Reconciliation of net revenue before taxation to net cash inflow from operating activities

	Year ended 30.09.21 £000	Year ended 30.09.20 £000
Net revenue before taxation	2,544	1,960
(Increase)/decrease in debtors	(1,432)	3,885
Increase in creditors	795	430
Net cash inflow from operating activities	1,907	6,275

18 Post balance sheet events

There are no post balance sheet events which require adjustment or disclosure at the year end (2020: £nil).

DISTRIBUTION TABLES

Final distribution payable in pence per unit for the six months ended 30 September 2021

Income units		Net revenue	Equalisation	Final distribution payable 30 November 2021	Final distribution paid 30 November 2020
Class 1 Income units	Group 1	1.2564	–	1.2564	0.0000
	Group 2	1.2564	0.0000	1.2564	0.0000
Class 2 Income units	Group 1	1.3446	–	1.3446	0.0000
	Group 2	1.3446	0.0000	1.3446	0.0000
Class 5 Income units	Group 1	0.0000	–	0.0000	0.0000
	Group 2	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Class 7 Income units	Group 1	0.0000	–	0.0000	0.0000
	Group 2	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000

Final Distribution

Group 1 units are those units purchased at or before 12:00 noon on 31 March 2021.

Group 2 units are those units purchased after 12:00 noon on 31 March 2021.

Interim distribution paid in pence per unit for the six months ended 31 March 2020

Income units		Net revenue	Equalisation	Interim distribution paid 31 May 2021	Interim distribution paid 31 May 2020
Class 1 Income units	Group 1	0.6114	–	0.6114	1.3001
	Group 2	0.6114	0.0000	0.6114	1.3001
Class 2 Income units	Group 1	0.6825	–	0.6825	1.3777
	Group 2	0.6825	0.0000	0.6825	1.3777
Class 5 Income units	Group 1	0.0000	–	0.0000	0.0000
	Group 2	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Class 7 Income units	Group 1	0.0000	–	0.0000	0.0000
	Group 2	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000

Interim Distribution

Group 1 units are those units purchased at or before 12:00 noon on 30 September 2020.

Group 2 units are those units purchased after 12:00 noon on 30 September 2020.

Equalisation

Equalisation applies only to Group 2 units, in other words units purchased during the relevant period. It is the average amount of revenue included in the purchase price of all Group 2 units and is refunded to the holders of these units as return of capital. Being capital, it is not liable to income tax but must be deducted from the cost of units for capital gains tax purposes.

STATEMENT OF THE MANAGER'S AND TRUSTEE'S RESPONSIBILITIES

The Collective Investment Schemes Sourcebook of the Financial Conduct Authority requires the Manager to prepare financial statements for each annual accounting year, which give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Trust as at the end of the year, and of the net revenue and the net gains or losses on the property of the Trust for the year then ended. In preparing the financial statements, the Manager is required to:

- comply with the requirements of the Statement of Recommended Practice relating to Authorised Funds and the Trust Deed; and
- keep proper accounting records which enable it to demonstrate that the financial statements prepared comply with the above requirements.

The Manager is responsible for the management of the Trust in accordance with its Trust Deed, Prospectus and the Regulations.

The Trustee is responsible for safeguarding the property of the Trust, and must take reasonable care to ensure that the Trust is managed by the Manager in compliance with the Regulations, the provision of the Trust Deed and Prospectus.

The Manager and Trustee are responsible for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

TRUSTEE'S REPORT TO THE UNITHOLDERS

The Trustee is responsible for safeguarding the property of the Trust and, in fulfilling our obligations under the Collective Investment Schemes Sourcebook of the Financial Conduct Authority, having made due enquiries of the Manager and having carried out checks and monitoring procedures, it is the opinion of Citibank Europe Plc, UK Branch as Trustee of the Trust, to the best of our knowledge and belief, that in all respects the Manager has managed the Trust during the accounting year to 30 September 2021.

- in accordance with the limitations imposed on the investment and borrowing powers of the Manager and the Trustee by the Trust Deed, by the Prospectus and by all Regulations being in force under Section 243 of the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000; and
- otherwise in accordance with the provisions of the Prospectus and those Regulations.

Citibank Europe Plc, UK Branch
London
4 February 2022

MANAGER'S STATEMENT

We hereby approve the Report and Financial Statements of Aviva Investors UK Property Feeder Trust for the year ended 30 September 2021 on behalf of Aviva Investors UK Fund Services Limited in accordance with the requirements of the Collective Investment Schemes Sourcebook of the Financial Conduct Authority.



I Buckle
Director

Aviva Investors UK Fund Services Limited
London
4 February 2022

STATEMENT OF THE DEPOSITARY'S RESPONSIBILITIES AND DEPOSITARY'S REPORT TO THE UNITHOLDERS

The Depositary in its capacity as Trustee of Aviva Investors UK Property Feeder Trust must ensure that the Trust is managed in accordance with the Financial Conduct Authority's Collective Investment Schemes Sourcebook, and the Investment Funds Sourcebook, the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000, as amended, (together "the Regulations"), the Trust Deed and Prospectus (together 'the Scheme documents') as detailed below:

The Depositary must in the context of its role act honestly, fairly, professionally, independently and in the interests of the Trust and its investors.

The Depositary is responsible for the safekeeping of all custodial assets and maintaining a record of all other assets of the Trust in accordance with the regulations.

The Depositary must ensure that:

- the Trust's cash flows are properly monitored and that cash of the Trust is booked in cash accounts in accordance with the regulations;
- the sale, issue, repurchase, redemption and cancellation of units are carried out in accordance with the regulations;
- the value of units of the Trust are calculated in accordance with the regulations;
- any consideration relating to transactions in the Trust's assets is remitted to the Trust within the usual time limits;
- the Trust's income is applied in accordance with the regulations; and
- the instructions of the Alternative Investment Fund Manager ('the AIFM' or 'the Manager') are carried out (unless they conflict with the regulations).

The Depositary also has a duty to take reasonable care to ensure that the Trust is managed in accordance with the regulations and Scheme documents of the Fund in relation to the investment and borrowing powers applicable to the Trust.

Having carried out such procedures as we consider necessary to discharge our responsibilities as Depositary of the Trust, it is our opinion, based on the information available to us and the explanations provided, that in all material respects the Trust, acting through the AIFM:

- (i) has carried out the issue, sale, redemption and cancellation, and calculation of the price of the Trust's units and the application of the Trust's income in accordance with the regulations and the Scheme documents of the Fund; and
- (ii) has observed the investment and borrowing powers and restrictions applicable to the Trust in accordance with the regulations and Scheme documents of the Trust.

J. P. Morgan Europe Limited
London
4 February 2022

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE UNITHOLDERS OF AVIVA INVESTORS UK PROPERTY FEEDER TRUST

REPORT ON THE AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

OPINION

In our opinion, the financial statements of Aviva Investors UK Property Feeder Trust (the "Trust"):

- give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Trust and each of the sub-funds as at 30 September 2021 and of the net revenue and the net capital losses on the scheme property of the Authorised Unit Trust and each of the sub-funds for the year then ended; and
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards, comprising FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland", and applicable law), the Statement of Recommended Practice for UK Authorised Funds, the Collective Investment Schemes sourcebook and the Trust Deed.

Aviva Investors UK Property Feeder Trust is an Authorised Unit Trust with 2 sub-funds. The financial statements of the Trust comprise the financial statements of each of the sub-funds. We have audited the financial statements, included within the Annual Report and Financial Statements (the "Annual Report"), which comprise: the Balance Sheets as at 30 September 2021; the Statements of Total Return, the Statements of Change in Net Assets Attributable to Unitholders and the Cash Flow Statements for the year then ended; the distribution tables; the accounting policies (within the Policies and Risks section); and the notes to the financial statements.

BASIS FOR OPINION

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) ("ISAs (UK)") and applicable law. Our responsibilities under ISAs (UK) are further described in the Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Independence

We remained independent of the Trust in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, which includes the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements.

EMPHASIS OF MATTER – FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PREPARED ON A BASIS OTHER THAN GOING CONCERN

In forming our opinion on the financial statements, which is not modified, we draw attention to note (a) 'Basis of accounting' which describes the directors' reasons why the financial statements have been prepared on a basis other than going concern.

REPORTING ON OTHER INFORMATION

The other information comprises all of the information in the Annual Report other than the financial statements and our auditors' report thereon. The Manager is responsible for the other information. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion or, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in this report, any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify an apparent material inconsistency or material misstatement, we are required to perform procedures to conclude whether there is a material misstatement of the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report based on these responsibilities.

Manager's Report

In our opinion, the information given in the Manager's Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements.

RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND THE AUDIT

Responsibilities of the Manager for the financial statements

As explained more fully in the Statement of the Manager's and Trustee's Responsibilities, the Manager is responsible for the preparation of the financial statements in accordance with the applicable framework and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. The Manager is also responsible for such internal control as they determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the Manager is responsible for assessing the Trust's and each of the sub-funds' ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Manager either intends to wind up or terminate the Trust or an individual sub-fund, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE UNITHOLDERS OF AVIVA INVESTORS UK PROPERTY FEEDER TRUST (CONTINUED)

Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements (continued)

Irregularities, including fraud, are instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations. We design procedures in line with our responsibilities, outlined above, to detect material misstatements in respect of irregularities, including fraud. The extent to which our procedures are capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud, is detailed below.

Based on our understanding of the Trust/industry, we identified that the principal risks of non-compliance with laws and regulations related to breaches of the Collective Investment Schemes sourcebook, and we considered the extent to which non-compliance might have a material effect on the financial statements, in particular those parts of the sourcebook which may directly impact on the determination of amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. We evaluated management's incentives and opportunities for fraudulent manipulation of the financial statements (including the risk of override of controls), and determined that the principal risks were related to posting inappropriate journal entries to increase revenue or to increase the net asset value of the Trust. Audit procedures performed included:

- Discussions with the Manager, including consideration of known or suspected instances of non-compliance with laws and regulation and fraud;
- Reviewing relevant meeting minutes, including those of the Manager's board of directors;
- Identifying and testing journal entries, specifically any journals posted as part of the financial year end close process;
- Designing audit procedures to incorporate unpredictability around the nature, timing or extent of our testing; and

There are inherent limitations in the audit procedures described above. We are less likely to become aware of instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations that are not closely related to events and transactions reflected in the financial statements. Also, the risk of not detecting a material misstatement due to fraud is higher than the risk of not detecting one resulting from error, as fraud may involve deliberate concealment by, for example, forgery or intentional misrepresentations, or through collusion.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at: www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditors' report.

Use of this report

This report, including the opinions, has been prepared for and only for the Trust's unitholders as a body in accordance with paragraph 4.5.12 of the Collective Investment Schemes sourcebook and for no other purpose. We do not, in giving these opinions, accept or assume responsibility for any other purpose or to any other person to whom this report is shown or into whose hands it may come save where expressly agreed by our prior consent in writing.

OTHER REQUIRED REPORTING

OPINION ON MATTER REQUIRED BY THE COLLECTIVE INVESTMENT SCHEMES SOURCEBOOK

In our opinion, we have obtained all the information and explanations we consider necessary for the purposes of the audit.

COLLECTIVE INVESTMENT SCHEMES SOURCEBOOK EXCEPTION REPORTING

Under the Collective Investment Schemes sourcebook we are also required to report to you if, in our opinion:

- proper accounting records have not been kept; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records.

We have no exceptions to report arising from this responsibility.



PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP
Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditors
Glasgow
4 February 2022

GENERAL INFORMATION

Investments in Aviva Investors UK Property Feeder Trust to obtain returns via income and capital appreciation.

Past performance is not a guide to the future.

The value of an investment in the funds and the revenue from it may go down as well as up, and you may not get back the original amount invested.

Where funds are invested abroad, the value of your investment may rise and fall purely on account of movement in exchange rates.

Please refer to the Key Investor Information Document (which is available on the internet at www.avivainvestors.com or from the Manager on request) for a full description of the risks involved when investing in the Funds.

Any future returns and opinions expressed are those of the Investment Manager and should not be relied upon as indicating any guarantee of return from investment in the Funds.

The information contained within this document should not be construed as a recommendation to purchase or sell stocks.

The value of capital and revenue will fluctuate as property values and rental income rise and fall and the value of dividends, Government and other public securities and units in collective investment schemes change.

The Annual Report of Aviva Investors Property Funds ICVC containing the Annual Report and Financial Statements of Aviva Investors UK Property Fund may be viewed on the internet at www.avivainvestors.com or is available from the Manager on request.

Publication of Prices

Information on the prices of Shares will be available by calling 0800 051 2003 or on the internet at www.avivainvestors.com. Calls may be recorded for training or monitoring purposes and to comply with applicable law and regulations. Calls are free from UK landlines and mobiles.

VALUE ASSESSMENT

Value Assessments for the Aviva Investors UK Property Feeder Trust can now be found at www.avivainvestors.com/value-assessments.

REMUNERATION POLICY (UNAUDITED)

In line with the requirements of the Alternative Investment Fund Managers Directive ("AIFMD"), Aviva Investors UK Fund Services Limited ("AIUKFSL") is subject to a remuneration policy which is reviewed annually and is consistent with the principles outlined in the European Securities and Markets Authority guidelines on sound remuneration policies under AIFMD.

Aviva Investors' remuneration framework is based on a total reward approach and is designed to reflect the success or failure against a range of personal and company performance objectives.

There are four components of pay:

Basic Salary – set within an appropriate market range, which is sufficient to allow the possibility, where performance so warrants, that an employee may receive no variable pay.

Annual bonus – a discretionary short-term incentive plan where individuals may receive a bonus based on business and individual performance against targets. Where bonuses are equal to or greater than £75,000, a 3 year deferral with pro-rata vesting in Aviva funds and/or Aviva Group Plc shares occurs, following this a further holding period applies where regulation requires.

The extent to which each aspect of performance affects the overall payment level depends on the role and responsibilities of the individual. Performance is measured against a combination of individual, business unit, Aviva Investors and Group performance over an appropriate period.

A rounded assessment of financial performance is made accounting for a range of financial considerations, including, but not limited to operating profit, investment performance and net flows. The assessment of Aviva Investors' financial performance is formed with reference to -:

- Actual results vs. prior period results
- Actual results vs. agreed plans
- Actual results relative to competitors
- Actual results vs., and progress towards, our long-term target ambition.

The remuneration of employees in Control Functions (defined as Risk, Compliance and Audit) is determined independently of the financial results of Aviva Investors in order to reinforce the independence of these functions.

The non-financial considerations include consideration of risk, conduct, culture, customer and employee engagement metrics, with Aviva values clearly underpinning all our decisions.

The Performance assessment does not encourage risk taking outside the Aviva Investors stated risk appetite and includes mechanisms by which performance against risk and conduct related measures has a significant impact on the availability and size of business and individual variable awards.

Through Aviva Investors' Global Reward Framework, all investment employees should support responsible investment and integrate ESG considerations into their investment processes, including the consideration of Sustainability Risk. ESG metrics and research are embedded in the investment process and form part of the investment scorecard and annual risk attestation. The Chief Investment Officers and investment desk heads consider how investment employees demonstrate their commitment to ESG processes as part of the determination of performance and pay outcomes.

Long Term Incentive Awards (LTIA) – discretionary long-term incentive plan to align reward with long-term investment performance, Aviva Group and Shareholders, and with the additional intention to help retain key talent. Part of the long-term incentive plan is in Aviva Investors Funds and part is in Aviva Restricted Share Units (RSUs), for the AI CEO the RSUs have additional performance conditions of Total Shareholder Return and Solvency II Return on Equity. Vesting is after 3 years and awards for Identified Staff will be subject to a pre-vesting assessment of individual performance, behaviours, and alignment with the company values of Aviva Investors throughout the three-year performance period.

Benefits in Kind – standard benefits are provided that are appropriate to the market.

Code Staff are not permitted to undertake personal hedging strategies in respect of any variable remuneration.

Aviva Investors believes in rewarding strong performance and achievement of our business and individual goals; however, the manner in which these goals are achieved is also important. We do not consider it appropriate to reward people who have engaged in inappropriate behaviour or conduct which is not in line with Aviva's values and variable pay awards are subject to the Aviva Group Malus and Clawback Policy. As such, Aviva may decide that a Deferred Award which has not vested will lapse wholly or in part if they consider that:

- the participant or their team has, in the opinion of the Directors, engaged in misconduct which ought to result in the complete or partial forfeit or repayment of their award;
- there has been, in the opinion of the Directors, a material failure of risk management by reference to Group risk management standards, policies and procedures, taking into account the proximity of the participant to the failure of risk management in question and the level of the participant's responsibility;
- there is, in the opinion of the Directors, a materially adverse misstatement of Aviva's or the participant's relevant business unit's financial statements for which the participant has some responsibility;
- the participant participated in or was responsible for conduct which resulted in significant, or potentially significant, loss(es) to their relevant business unit, Aviva or any member of the Aviva Group;
- the participant failed to meet appropriate standards of fitness and propriety;
- there is evidence of misconduct or material error that would justify, or would have justified, had the participant still been employed, summary termination of their contract of employment; or
- any other circumstances required by local regulatory obligations to which any member of the Group or business unit is subject.

The remuneration policies are designed to ensure that any relevant conflicts of interest can be managed appropriately at all times and that the remuneration of its senior staff is in line with the risk policies and objectives of the UCITS funds it manages, and takes into account the promotion of sound and effective risk management and the achievement of fair outcomes for all customers.

REMUNERATION POLICY (UNAUDITED) (CONTINUED)

AIUKFSL has no employees but is a wholly owned subsidiary of Aviva Investors Holdings Limited. For the year to 31 December 2020, apportioned remuneration based on the time assessed to be spent on AIUKFSL AIFMD activity paid by Aviva Plc, the ultimate parent of AIUKFSL, to its senior management team, and Code Staff:

	Senior Management	Other Code Staff
Total Remuneration:	£1.4m	£1.3m
Of which, Fixed Remuneration:	31%	37%
Variable Remuneration:	63%	58%
Pension/Benefits:	6%	5%
Number of Code staff:	21	25

