

Directors' Remuneration Policy

Remuneration elements

● Fixed pay
 ● Annual bonus
 ● LTIP

The proposed Remuneration Policy for Directors is set out in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 (as amended) and the Large and Medium Sized Companies and Groups (Accounts and Reports) Regulations 2008 (as amended) and is subject to shareholder approval at the 2026 AGM on 6 May 2026. If approved, it will apply immediately, for up to three years.

The key changes between this Policy and the current Policy as approved at the 2024 AGM are detailed below and noted in the tables that follow.

ALIGNMENT OF GROUP STRATEGY WITH EXECUTIVE REMUNERATION

The Committee considers that alignment between Group strategy and ED remuneration is critical. The Policy provides market competitive remuneration and incentivises EDs to achieve the annual business plan and the longer-term strategic objectives of the Group. Significant levels of deferral, and within and post-employment shareholding requirements, align EDs' interests with those of shareholders and aid retention of key personnel. As well as rewarding the achievement of objectives, variable remuneration can be zero if performance thresholds are not met. Remuneration payments to Directors can only be made if they are consistent with the approved Policy.

Table 1 provides an overview of the Policy for EDs. The Policy for NEDs is in [table 3](#).

Table 1 Key aspects of the Policy for Executive Directors

Element		
<p>● Basic salary</p>	<p>Purpose To provide core market related pay to attract and retain the required level of talent.</p> <p>Operation Annual review, with changes normally taking effect from 1 April each year. The review is informed by:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Individual and business performance. • Levels of increase for the broader employee population. • Relevant pay data including market practice among relevant FTSE listed companies of comparable size to Aviva in terms of market capitalisation, large European and global insurers, and UK financial services companies. 	<p>Maximum opportunity There is no maximum increase within the Policy. However, basic salary increases take account of the average basic salary increase awarded to the broader employee population. Different levels of increase may be agreed in certain circumstances at the Committee's discretion, such as:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • An increase in job scope and responsibility. • Development of the individual in the role. • A significant increase in the size, value, or complexity of the Group. <p>Assessment of performance Any movement in basic salary takes account of the performance of the individual and the Group.</p> <p>Note: No change proposed over current Policy.</p>



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Element		
<p>●</p> <p>Annual bonus</p> <p><i>Proposed changes</i></p>	<p>Purpose To reward EDs for achievement against the Company's strategic objectives and for demonstrating the Aviva values and behaviours.</p> <p>Deferral provides alignment with shareholder interests and aids retention of key personnel.</p> <p>Operation Awards are based on performance in the year. Targets are normally set annually and pay-out levels are determined by the Committee based on performance against those targets and a quality of earnings assessment and risk review.</p> <p>Form and timing of payment</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 50% of any bonus is payable in cash at the end of the year. • 50% of any bonus awarded is deferred into shares which vest in three equal annual tranches. <p>Additional shares are awarded at vesting in lieu of dividends paid on the deferred shares.</p> <p>Malus and clawback Cash and deferred awards are subject to malus and clawback. Details of when these may be applied are set out in the notes below.</p>	<p>Maximum opportunity 250% of basic salary for Group CEO 200% of basic salary for other EDs</p> <p>Outcome at threshold and on target Performance is assessed against multiple measures. Threshold performance against a single measure would result in a bonus payment of no more than 25% of basic salary.</p> <p>125% of basic salary is payable for on target performance for Group CEO and 100% for other EDs.</p> <p>Assessment of performance Performance is assessed against a range of relevant financial, employee, customer, and risk targets designed to incentivise the achievement of our strategy, as well as individual strategic objectives as set by the Committee.</p> <p>Although financial performance is the major factor in considering overall expenditure on bonuses, performance against non-financial measures including progress towards our strategic priorities and behaviours in line with our values, will also be taken into consideration.</p> <p>Discretion See notes to this table page 125.</p> <p>Note: Proposed revised Policy increases maximum opportunity.</p>

Element		
<p>●</p> <p>Long-term incentive plan</p> <p><i>Proposed changes</i></p>	<p>Purpose To reward EDs for achievement against the Company's longer-term objectives; to align EDs' interests with those of shareholders and to aid the retention of key personnel and to encourage focus on long-term growth in enterprise value.</p> <p>Operation Shares are awarded annually which vest dependent on the achievement of performance conditions. Vesting is subject to an assessment of quality of earnings, the stewardship of capital and risk review.</p> <p>Performance period Three years. Additional shares are awarded at vesting in lieu of dividends on any shares which vest.</p> <p>Additional holding period Two years.</p> <p>Malus and clawback Awards are subject to malus and clawback. Details of when these may be applied are set out in the notes below.</p>	<p>Maximum opportunity 500% of basic salary for Group CEO 325% of basic salary for other EDs</p> <p>Performance measures Awards will vest based on a combination of financial, rTSR and strategic performance measures.</p> <p>The Policy provides for a minimum aggregate weighting of 80% for financial measures and rTSR and for up to 20% to be based on strategic performance measures. We would engage with shareholders before changing measures or weighting in future years.</p> <p>For the 2026 awards the measures and weightings will be:</p> <p>Financial measures:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 40% rTSR • 25% IFRS Operating EPS • 15% IFRS RoE <p>Strategic measures:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 12.5% Customer scorecard • 7.5% CO₂ intensity reduction <p>Vesting at threshold Threshold vesting for all measures is 20%.</p> <p>Discretion See notes to this table page 125.</p> <p>Note: Proposed revised Policy increases maximum opportunity.</p>



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Element		
● Pension	<p>Purpose To provide a market competitive level of provision for post-retirement income.</p> <p>Operation EDs are eligible to participate in a defined contribution plan up to the annual limit.</p> <p>Any amounts above annual or lifetime limits are paid in cash.</p>	<p>Maximum opportunity If suitable employee contributions are made, the Company contributes 14% of basic salary for all EDs, aligned to the rate available to the majority of the UK workforce.</p> <p>Note: No change proposed over current Policy</p>
● Benefits	<p>Purpose To provide EDs with a suitable but reasonable package of benefits as part of a competitive remuneration package. This involves both core executive benefits, and the opportunity to participate in flexible benefits programmes offered by the Company (via salary sacrifice).</p> <p>This enables us to attract and retain the right level of talent necessary to deliver the Company's strategy.</p> <p>Operation Benefits are provided on a market related basis. The Company reserves the right to deliver benefits to EDs depending on their individual circumstances, which may include a cash car allowance, life insurance, private medical insurance and access to a company car and driver for business use. In the case of non-UK executives, the Committee may consider additional allowances in line with standard relevant market practice.</p> <p>EDs are eligible to participate in the Company's broad based employee share plans on the same basis as other eligible employees.</p>	<p>Maximum opportunity Set at a level which the Committee considers appropriate against comparable roles in companies of a similar size and complexity to provide a reasonable level of benefit.</p> <p>Costs would normally be limited to providing a cash car allowance, private medical insurance, life insurance, and reasonable travel benefits (including the tax cost where applicable). In addition, there may be one-off or exceptional items on a case-by-case basis, which would be disclosed in the DRR.</p> <p>Note: No change proposed over current Policy</p>

Element		
● Relocation and mobility	<p>Purpose To assist with mobility across the Group to ensure the appropriate talent is available to execute strategy locally.</p> <p>Operation EDs who are relocated or reassigned from one location to another receive relevant benefits to assist them and their dependants in moving home and settling into the new location.</p>	<p>Maximum opportunity Dependent on location and family size, benefits are market related and time bound. They are not compensated for performing the role but to defray costs of a relocation or residence outside the home country.</p> <p>The Committee would reward no more than it judged reasonably necessary, in the light of all applicable circumstances.</p> <p>Note: No change proposed over current Policy</p>
Shareholding requirements <i>Proposed changes</i>	<p>Purpose To align EDs' interests with those of shareholders.</p> <p>Operation A requirement to build a shareholding in the Company equivalent to 500% of basic salary for the Group CEO and 325% for other EDs.</p> <p>This shareholding is normally to be built up over a period not exceeding five years (subject to the Committee's discretion where personal circumstances dictate).</p>	<p>Post-cessation shareholding requirements also apply to EDs being the lower of 500% of basic salary for the Group CEO and 325% for other EDs, or the holding on termination of employment, for two years post-cessation.</p> <p>Note: Proposed revised Policy increases shareholding requirement.</p>



NOTES TO THE TABLE:

Performance measures

For the annual bonus, performance measures are chosen to align to the Group's key performance indicators and include financial, strategic, risk, employee, and customer measures. Achievement against individual strategic objectives is also taken into account.

LTIP performance measures are chosen to provide an indication of both absolute and relative return generated for shareholders. In terms of target setting, a number of reference points are taken into account each year including, but not limited to, the Group's business plan and external market expectations of the Company. Maximum payouts require performance that significantly exceeds expected performance under both the annual bonus and the LTIP.

Quality of earnings assessments

Throughout the year, the Committee engages in a regular quality of earnings assessment. A quality of earnings assessment sign-off is the final step in determining annual bonus scorecard outcomes and is performed before vesting is determined against financial measures under the LTIP.

As a minimum, at any Committee meeting where LTIP vesting or annual bonus scorecard decisions are considered, the Financial Controller or equivalent prepares a report to the Committee on the quality of earnings reflected in the results being assessed, against performance targets. Extensive information from the audited accounts is used to explain the vesting and scorecard outcomes – ranging from movements in reserves, capital management decisions, consistency of accounting treatment and period to period comparability. The Financial Controller or equivalent attends the Committee meeting to answer any questions that any member of the Committee may choose to ask.

Any vesting decision or confirmation of awards is made after this process has been undertaken.

Malus and clawback

The circumstances when malus (the forfeiture or reduction of unvested shares awarded under the annual bonus and LTIP) and clawback (the recovery of cash and share awards after release) may apply include (but are not limited to) where the Committee considers that the employee concerned has been involved in or partially/wholly responsible for:

- A materially adverse misstatement (as defined by the Board) of the Company's financial statements, or a misleading representation of performance;
- A significant failure of risk management and/or controls;
- A scenario or event which causes material reputational damage to the Company;
- A scenario or event which causes material corporate failure;
- Any regulatory investigation or breach of laws, rules or codes of conduct;
- Misconduct which, in the opinion of the Committee, ought to result in the complete or partial lapse of an award;
- Conduct which resulted in significant loss(es) or summary termination of employment;
- Failure to meet appropriate standards of fitness and propriety;

- A material error (as defined by the Board) in the calculation of a financial or strategic measure used to determine the outcome of variable pay, or any other error or material misstatement that results in overpayment to employees;
- Any circumstances determined by the Board that mean the underlying financial health of the Group or member of the Group has significantly deteriorated, resulting in severe financial constraints which preclude or limit the ability to fund variable pay; and
- Any other circumstance required by local regulatory obligations or that, in the Board's opinion, justifies the reduction or repayment of variable pay.

The clawback period runs for two years from the date of payment in the case of the cash element of any annual bonus.

For deferred bonus elements and LTIP awards, the overall malus and clawback period is five years from the date of grant.

Discretions

The discretions the Committee has in relation to the operation of the ABP and LTIP are set out in the plan rules. In relation to the outcomes under these plans, the Committee has unfettered discretion to adjust upward or downward (including to nil) the mechanical outcome where it considers that:

- The outcome does not reflect the underlying financial or strategic performance of the participant or the Group over the relevant period;
- The outcome is not appropriate in the context of circumstances that were unexpected or unforeseen at the award date;

- There exists any other reason why an adjustment is appropriate; and/or
- It is appropriate to do so, taking into account a range of factors, including the management of risk and good governance and, in all cases, the experience of shareholders.

Other discretions include, but are not limited to, the ability to set additional conditions and the discretion to change or waive those conditions. Such discretions would only be applied in exceptional circumstances, to ensure that awards properly reflect underlying business performance. Any use of the discretions and how they were exercised will be disclosed, where relevant, in the DRR and, where appropriate, be subject to consultation with Aviva's shareholders.

Change in control

In the event of a change in control, unless a new award is granted in exchange for an existing award, or if there is a significant corporate event like a demerger, awards under the LTIP would normally vest to the extent that the performance conditions have been satisfied as at the date of the change in control, and unless the Committee decides otherwise, would be pro-rated to reflect the time between the date of grant and the change in control event. Awards under the ABP would normally vest on the date of the change in control and may vest if there is a significant corporate event.



Directors' Remuneration Policy

Consistency of executive Policy across the Group

The Policy for our EDs is designed as part of the remuneration philosophy and principles that underpin remuneration for the wider Group. Remuneration arrangements for colleagues below the EDs take account of the seniority and nature of the role, individual performance, and local market practice. The components and levels of remuneration for different colleagues may therefore differ from the Policy for EDs.

Any such elements are reviewed against market practice and approved in line with internal guidelines and frameworks.

Differentiation in reward outcomes based on performance and behaviour that is consistent with the Aviva values is a feature of how Aviva operates its annual bonus for its senior leaders and managers globally.

A disciplined approach is taken to moderation across the Company in order to recognise and reward the key contributors. The allocation of LTIP awards also involves strong differentiation, with expected contribution and ability to collaborate effectively in implementation of the strategy driving award levels.

Legacy payments

The Committee reserves the right to make any remuneration payments and payments for loss of office (including exercising any discretions available to it in connection with such payments) notwithstanding that they are not in line with the Policy set out above, where the terms of the payment were agreed (i) before May 2014 (the date the Company's first Policy came into effect), (ii) before the Policy set out above came into effect, provided that the terms of the payment were consistent with the Policy in force at the time they were agreed, or (iii) at a time when the relevant individual was not a director of the Company and, in the opinion of the Committee, the payment was not in consideration for the individual becoming a director of the Company. For these purposes, 'payments' includes the Committee satisfying awards of variable remuneration and, in relation to an award over shares, the terms of the payment are 'agreed' at the time the award is granted.

Approach to recruitment remuneration

On hiring a new ED, the Committee would align the proposed remuneration package with the Policy in place for EDs at the time of the appointment.

In determining the actual remuneration for a new ED, the Committee would consider the package in totality, taking into account elements such as the skills and experience of the individual, local market benchmarks, remuneration practice, and the existing remuneration of other senior executives.

The Committee would ensure any arrangements agreed would be in the best interests of Aviva and its shareholders. It would seek not to pay more than necessary to secure the right candidate.

Where considered appropriate the Committee may make awards on hiring an external candidate to 'buyout' remuneration arrangements forfeited on leaving a previous employer. In doing so, the Committee would take account of relevant factors including any performance conditions attached to these awards, the form in which it was paid (e.g. cash or shares) and the timeframe of awards.

Buyout awards would be awarded on a 'like for like' basis compared to remuneration being forfeited and would be capped to reflect the value being forfeited. The Committee considers that a buyout award is a significant investment in human capital by Aviva, and any buyout decision will involve careful consideration of the contribution that is expected from the individual.

The maximum level of variable pay which could be awarded to a new ED, excluding any buyouts, would be in line with the Policy set out above and would therefore be no more than 750% of basic salary for the Group CEO (250% of basic salary annual bonus opportunity and 500% of basic salary as the face value of a LTIP grant) and 525% of basic salary for other EDs (200% of basic salary annual bonus opportunity and 325% of basic salary as the face value of a LTIP grant).

All other elements of remuneration will also be in line with the Policy set out above.

Should the Company have any prior commitments outside of this Policy in respect of an employee promoted internally to an ED position, the Committee may continue to honour these for a period of time. Where an ED is appointed from within the organisation, the normal policy of the Company is that any legacy arrangements would be honoured in line with the original terms and conditions. Similarly, if an ED is appointed following Aviva's acquisition of, or merger with, another company, legacy terms and conditions may be honoured.

On appointing a new NED, the Committee would align the remuneration package with the Policy for NEDs, outlined in [table 3](#), including fees and travel benefits.



Directors' Remuneration Policy

ILLUSTRATION OF THE POLICY

The charts below illustrate how much EDs could earn under different performance scenarios in one financial year:

- Minimum - basic salary, pension or cash in lieu of pension and benefits, no bonus and no vesting of the LTIP.

- Target - basic salary, pension or cash in lieu of pension, benefits, and:
 - A bonus of 125% and a LTIP of 500% of basic salary (with notional LTIP vesting at 50% of maximum) for the Group CEO.
 - A bonus of 100% and a LTIP of 325% of basic salary (with notional LTIP vesting at 50% of maximum) for the Group CFO.

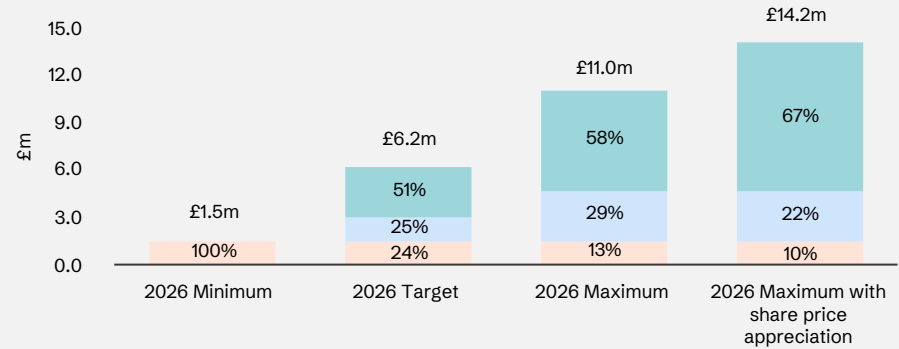
- Maximum - basic salary, pension or cash in lieu of pension, benefits, and:
 - A bonus of 250% and a LTIP of 500% of basic salary (with notional LTIP vesting at maximum) for the Group CEO.
 - A bonus of 200% and a LTIP of 325% of basic salary (with notional LTIP vesting at maximum) for the Group CFO.

- Maximum with share price appreciation - indicative maximum remuneration, assuming a notional LTIP vesting at maximum and share price appreciation of 50% on the LTIP.

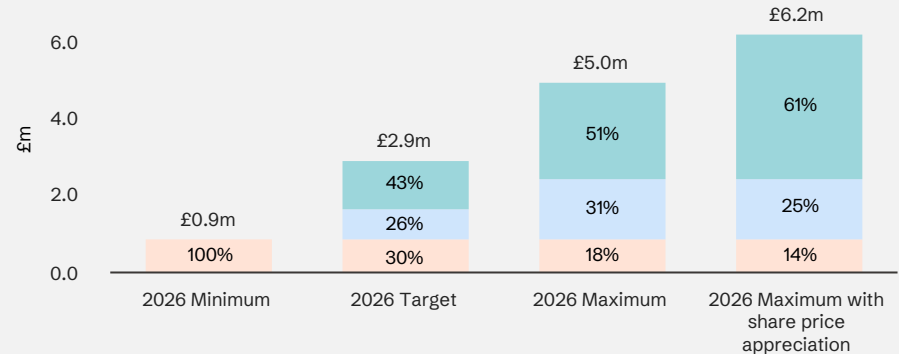
Remuneration elements

- Fixed pay
- Annual bonus
- LTIP

Potential earnings by pay element - Amanda Blanc



Potential earnings by pay element - Charlotte Jones



Notes to the charts

1. The charts are illustrative only and the actual value EDs could earn is subject to business performance and share price movement to the date of vesting of the LTIP and of the deferred share element of the annual bonus.
2. Fixed pay consists of basic salary, pension as described in table 5, and estimated value of benefits provided under the Policy, excluding any one-offs. Actual figures may vary in future years.
3. The value of the deferred element of the annual bonus assumes a constant share price and does not include additional shares awarded in lieu of dividends that may accrue during the vesting period.
4. The value of the LTIP assumes a constant share price (with the exception of the maximum with share price increase scenario) and does not include additional shares awarded in lieu of dividends that may accrue during the vesting period.
5. The LTIP is as proposed to be awarded in 2026, which would vest in 2029, subject to the satisfaction of performance conditions. The shares would then be subject to a further two-year holding period.



Directors' Remuneration Policy

Employment contracts and letters of appointment

ED employment contracts and NED letters of appointment are available for inspection at the Company's registered office during normal hours of business, and at the place of the Company's 2026 AGM on 6 May 2026 from 09.00am until the close of the meeting.

The key employment terms and conditions of the current EDs, and those who served during the year, as stipulated in their employment contracts, are set out in the table below.

Table 2 Executive Directors' key conditions of employment

Provision	Policy	
Notice period		
By the ED	6 months.	
By the Company	12 months, rolling. No notice or payment in lieu of notice to be paid where the Company terminates for cause.	
Termination payment	Pay in lieu of notice up to a maximum of 12 months' basic salary. Any payment is subject to phasing and mitigation requirements. An ED would be expected to mitigate the loss of office by seeking alternative employment. Any payments in lieu of notice would be reduced, potentially to zero, by any salary received from such employment.	
Remuneration and benefits	The operation of the annual bonus and LTIP is at the Company's discretion.	
Expenses	Reimbursement of expenses reasonably incurred in accordance with their duties.	
Holiday entitlement	30 working days plus public holidays.	
Private medical insurance	Private medical insurance is provided for the ED and their family. The ED can choose to opt out of this benefit or take a lower level of cover. However, no payments are made in lieu of reduced or no cover.	
Other benefits	Other benefits include participation in the Company's staff pension scheme, life insurance and, where applicable, access to a Company car and driver for business related use.	
Sickness	100% of salary for the first 52 weeks and up to £150,000 per annum for a further 5 years.	
Non-competes	During employment and for nine months after leaving (less any period of garden leave) without the prior written consent of the Company.	
Contract dates		
	Director	Date current contract commenced
	Amanda Blanc	6 July 2020
	Charlotte Jones	5 September 2022

POLICY ON PAYMENT FOR LOSS OF OFFICE

There are no pre-determined ED special provisions for compensation for loss of office. The Committee has the ability to exercise its discretion on the final amount actually paid. Any compensation would be based on basic salary, pension entitlement and other contractual benefits during the notice period, or a payment made in lieu of notice, depending on whether the notice is worked.

Where notice of termination of a contract is given, payments to the ED would continue for the period worked during the notice period. Alternatively, the contract may be terminated, and phased monthly payments made in lieu of notice for, or for the balance of, the 12 months' notice period. During this period, EDs would be expected to mitigate their loss by seeking alternative employment. Payments in lieu of notice would be reduced by the salary received from any alternative employment, potentially to zero. The Company would typically make a reasonable contribution towards an ED's legal fees in connection with advice on the terms of their departure.

There is no automatic entitlement to an annual bonus for the year in which loss of office occurs. The Committee may determine that an ED may receive a pro rata bonus in respect of the period of employment during the year loss of office occurs based on an assessment of performance. Where an ED leaves the Company by reason of death, disability or ill health, or any other reason determined by the Committee, there may be a payment of a pro rata bonus for the relevant year at the discretion of the Committee.

The treatment of leavers under the ABP and LTIP is determined by the rules of the relevant plans. Good leaver status under these plans would be granted in the event of, for example, the death of an ED. Good leaver status for other leaving reasons is at the discretion of the Committee, taking into account the circumstances of the individual's departure, but would typically include planned retirement, or their departure on ill health grounds.

In circumstances where good leaver status has been granted, awards may still be subject to malus and clawback in the event that inappropriate conduct of the ED is subsequently discovered post departure, and retirees are subject to post-activity restrictions which allow the Committee to reduce or recover awards if certain employment is taken elsewhere. If good leaver status is not granted, all outstanding awards will lapse.

In the case of LTIP awards, where the Committee determines an ED to be a good leaver, vesting is normally based on the extent to which performance conditions have been met at the end of the relevant performance period, and the proportion of the award that vests is pro-rated for the time from the date of grant to final date of service (unless the Committee decides otherwise). Any decision not to apply this would only be made in exceptional circumstances and would be fully disclosed. It is not the practice to allow such treatment.



Directors' Remuneration Policy

CONSIDERATION OF WIDER EMPLOYEE PAY AND SHAREHOLDER VIEWS

When determining the Policy and arrangements for our EDs, the Committee considers:

- Pay and employment conditions elsewhere in the Group to ensure that pay structures are suitably aligned and that levels of remuneration remain appropriate. The Committee reviews levels of basic salary increases for other employees and executives based on their respective locations. It reviews changes in overall bonus pool funding and long-term incentive grants. The Committee considers feedback on pay matters from sources including the employee opinion survey and employee forums. The Committee also takes into account information provided by the people function and external advisers and the Committee Chair has in place a programme of consultation and meetings with employee forums including trade unions, Your Forum and the Evolution Council to discuss remuneration.
- In its ongoing dialogue with shareholders, the Committee seeks shareholder views and takes them into account when any significant changes are being proposed to remuneration arrangements and when formulating and implementing the Policy. For example, there was detailed engagement with our largest shareholders regarding the proposed Policy throughout 2025.

NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

The table below sets out details of our Policy for NEDs.

Table 3 Key aspects of the Policy for Non-Executive Directors

Element		
Chair and NEDs' fees	<p>Purpose To attract individuals with the required range of skills and experience to serve as a Chair or as a NED.</p> <p>Operation NEDs receive a basic annual fee in respect of their Board duties. Further fees are paid for membership and, where appropriate, chairing Board committees.</p> <p>The Chair receives a fixed annual fee. Fees are reviewed annually taking into account market data and trends and the scope of specific Board duties. NEDs are able to use up to 100% of their post-tax base fees to acquire shares in Aviva plc.</p> <p>The Chair and NEDs do not participate in any incentive or performance plans or pension arrangements and do not receive an expense allowance.</p> <p>NEDs are reimbursed for reasonable expenses, and any tax arising on those expenses is settled directly by Aviva. To the extent that these are deemed taxable benefits, they will be included in the DRR, as required.</p> <p>NEDs may be provided with benefits, if deemed appropriate including health and wellbeing benefits.</p>	Maximum opportunity The Company's Articles of Association provide that the total aggregate remuneration paid to the Chair of the Company and NEDs will be determined by the Board within the limits set by shareholders and detailed in the Company's Articles of Association.
Chair's travel benefits	<p>Purpose To provide the Chair with suitable travel arrangements for them to discharge their duties effectively.</p>	The Chair has access to a company car and driver for business use. Where these are deemed a taxable benefit, the tax is paid by the Company.
NED travel and accommodation	<p>Purpose To reimburse NEDs for appropriate business travel and accommodation, including attending Board and committee meetings.</p>	Operation Reasonable costs of travel and accommodation for business purposes are reimbursed to NEDs. On the limited occasions when it is appropriate for a NED's spouse or partner to attend, such as a business event, the Company will meet these costs. The Company will meet any tax liabilities that may arise on such expenses.



Directors' Remuneration Policy

The NEDs, including the Chair of the Company, have letters of appointment which set out their duties and responsibilities. The key terms of the appointments are set out in the table below.

Table 4 Non-Executive Directors' key terms of appointment

Provision	Policy
Period	In line with the requirement of the Code, all NEDs, including the Chair, are subject to annual re-election by shareholders at each AGM.
Termination	By the director or the Company at their discretion without compensation upon giving one month's written notice for NEDs and three months written notice for the Chair of the Company.
Fees	Reviewed annually, as set out in table 22 .
Expenses	Reimbursement of travel and other expenses reasonably incurred in the performance of their duties.
Time commitment	Each director must be able to devote sufficient time to the role in order to discharge responsibilities effectively.

Committee membership key

● Nomination and Governance Committee	● Audit Committee	● Risk Committee
● Customer and Sustainability Committee	● Remuneration Committee	C Chair

Director	Appointment date ¹	Appointment end date ²	Committee
George Culmer	25 September 2019	AGM 2026	C
Cheryl Agius	21 May 2024	AGM 2026	● ● ● ●
Andrea Blance	21 February 2022	AGM 2026	● ● C ●
Ian Clark	11 March 2024	AGM 2026	● ● ●
Patrick Flynn	16 July 2019	AGM 2026	● C ● ●
Shonaid Jemmett-Page	20 December 2021	AGM 2026	● ● ● C ●
Mohit Joshi	1 December 2020	AGM 2026	● ●
Pippa Lambert	1 January 2021	AGM 2026	● ● C ●
Jim McConville	1 December 2020	AGM 2026	● ● ● ● ●
Michael Mire	12 September 2013	AGM 2026	● ●
Neil Morrison	17 June 2024	AGM 2026	● ●

1. The dates shown reflect the date the individual was appointed to the Aviva plc Board

2. All appointment end dates are the 2026 AGM, in accordance with the NEDs' letters of appointment

